SECOND EDITION.

Newport Daily News.

SECOND EDITION.

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, MONDAY, APRIL 27, 1891. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

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KAZANJIAN & CO.

☞This is our last season and it will be a very brief one.

First Edition.

THREE O'CLOCK.

BY TELEGRAPH

To the Associated Press.

THE JERSEY CITY'S HARD TIME.

Her Shaft Broken in Mid-Ocean and the Vessel Towed to Bear Haven.

LONDON, April 27.—British steamer Jersey City, before reported as having been towed to Bear Haven by steamer Galileo, was steaming along at high speed on the 12th instant, when her shaft broke in the stern tube. For two days she was helpless, although all available sail was spread and the Galileo found her flying signals of distress as being unmanageable. A boat, in which was her chief officer, was launched from the Jersey City. The officer boarded the Galileo, asking that the Jersey City be towed to the nearest port. Captain Magee of the Galileo suggested St. John's, but finally consented to go to Queenstown. Only slow progress was made against adverse east winds. After five days there was a gale with head sea. The hawsers snapped and were rejoined with the greatest difficulty. It required incessant watching and skill on the part of the Galileo's officers. The coal running out, the Galileo tried to enter the harbor of Valencia, but was unable to obtain a pilot and steered for Bear Haven, where she left the Jersey City and proceeded for Queenstown, arriving on Sunday. After coaling she proceeded for Hull. The Clyde Steamship Company has despatched two powerful tugs to take the Jersey City to Bristol.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Wants Reciprocity Regarding New Materials with the United States.

TACOMA, Washington, April 27.—Premier John Robson of British Columbia passed through this city en route to Victoria from California yesterday. In conversation with a reporter Mr. Robson said:—"As next-door neighbors we want reciprocity, but no unrestricted reciprocity. We want it as regards raw materials. We are opposed to unrestricted reciprocity and commercial union. The latter we believe would lead to political union, which we emphatically oppose. We believe we have material to build up as great a country as yours, and want friendly rivalry. If your President honors us with a visit we promise him sincere and hearty welcome. I see much in the United States to admire, but nothing to covet. You achieved nothing in the way of national greatness that we cannot achieve."

Two Boys Drowned on a Philadelphia Sunday Excursion.

PHILADELPHIA, April 27.—A sailing party on the Delaware river yesterday ended in the drowning of two boys of the party of ten. The boys drowned were Walter Price, aged 20, and Charles Christy, 18. The party started to sail from Camden to Gloucester. The boat had hardly left the wharf when it capsized and all were thrown into the water. Captain John Hart heard the cries for help and, jumping into a boat, rowed to the rescue. He succeeded in saving eight of the boys. All of the party were good swimmers.

Economy in the Vatican.

ROME, April 27.—A commission has been formed by the Pope's orders to effect economical reforms in the administration of the interior affairs of the Vatican.

Quarantined at Southampton.

SOUTHAMPTON, Eng., April 27.—British steamer Elbe, from the river Plate, has been quarantined here, a case of yellow fever having been discovered on board during her voyage.

An Unpublished Story of Count Von Moltke.

LONDON, April 27.—The Paris correspondent of the Times relates a hitherto unpublished story about Count Von Moltke. During the Count's visit to the Paris Exposition in 1867, with the Emperor and Prince Bismarck, he dined one day at St. Cloud with Emperor Napoleon, and in the talk after dinner Napoleon told Marshal Randon, the minister of war, that General Von Moltke claimed to be able to fight the French army with the needle-gun. Marshal Randon laughed aloud, and in a voice which all in the room could hear responded:—"Pardon me, General, but in spite of the high opinion I have of your judgment I am unable to share your belief." After the departure of Emperor William, Napoleon was so struck with the words of the taciturn strategist that he busied himself in overhauling the equipment of the French army, the result being the adoption of the Chassepot gun.

HOUSEKEEPERS should know that Cake and other articles of food requiring a leavening agent will not dry up quickly if raised with CLEVELAND'S SUPERIOR BAKING POWDER. but will keep moist and sweet.

FOR EIGHT HOURS.

A Conference Which May Avert the Miners' Strike on May 1.

NEW YORK, April 27.—Word was received in this city late last night that representatives of the coal operators had conferred with Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, in this city yesterday, and that the strike of miners all over the country for eight hours, which was to take place on May 1, had been averted. A reporter saw Mr. Gompers at his residence at midnight and asked him whether there was any truth in this story. Mr. Gompers seemed to be annoyed at the question and said that as far as he knew there was no change in the situation. After a few minutes' conversation he admitted that there had been a special meeting of the executive council of the federation at his house during the day, at which Chris. Evans, of the miners, and P. J. McGuire, of the Philadelphia carpenters, had been present. He refused to say for what purpose the meeting had been called or what had been discussed. When asked whether any of the coal operators of Pennsylvania were present at the meeting, he said he was not in a position to answer this question. He would neither affirm nor deny it, so the probability is that they were here.

Finally Mr. Gompers said:—"Nothing has been done today, as far as I know, that will affect the demand of the miners for eight hours on May 1. Whether or not anything will be done before then, I am not in a position to say. We had a special meeting today, but I am sorry that I can give you no further information about it. A labor leader, whom the reporter saw after Mr. Gompers, said:—"I am inclined to think that some of the operators came to see Mr. Gompers to try and arrange a compromise that would extend to the miners all over the country, and that the conference adjourned without reaching any definite conclusion. I expected all along that there would be a conference of the heads of both sides."

The Accident to President Harrison's Sister.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 27.—President Harrison was furnished with copies of the Associated Press despatches containing the news of the accident to his sister as fast as they were received here. When the news first came Postmaster General Wanamaker stated that it looked as if the entire party would start directly for the East. When the news came that Mrs. Eaton was not so seriously injured as at first thought, the President was greatly relieved and stated that until definite news was received no change would be made in his plans. The President and Mrs. Harrison sat up until a late hour, anxiously awaiting the latest details in regard to the accident.

Arrested for Murdering his Son.

NEW YORK, April 27.—At a late hour last night John Harris, the colored janitor of the Astor flats on West 128th street, was arrested for the murder of his son John. Father and son were in the cellar of the flats arranging coal and wood for the tenants, when a dispute arose and Harris struck his son on the head with a billet of wood, fracturing his skull. The son, who was twenty years old, was taken to his home, where he died a few hours later.

Spain's Proposed Financial Policy.

MADRID, April 27.—The Imparcial, alluding to the proposed unlimited note issue, says it fears such a policy will in time result in a forced paper currency. It adds:—"We are entering upon the same system that caused such grave conflicts in the Spanish South American republics."

The Grip Epidemic in England.

LONDON, April 27.—The influenza epidemic is becoming of an alarmingly more severe type in Yorkshire and Lincolnshire, and deaths are becoming much more frequent.

AFFAIRS IN CHILE.

A Severe Lesson to the Insurgents by Balmaceda's Vessels.

PARIS, April 27.—Advices received here from Chile, via Buenos Ayres, state that during the battle at Caldera five torpedoes were discharged at the Chilean insurgents' vessels, sinking the monitor Huascar, as well as the Blanco Encalda. The despatch adds that President Balmaceda's fleet, after administering this severe lesson to the insurgents, returned to Valparaiso without having sustained any damage. Further news received from Chile is to the effect that warship Florence, which up to the present has been loyal to President Balmaceda, has now gone over to the insurgents. It is also stated that President Balmaceda is in dread of being poisoned. To such an extent does this feeling prey upon his mind that he will not partake of any food which has not been prepared by his own mother. The latter consequently prepares all the President's meals.

THE PRESIDENT'S SISTER.

Her Condition Much More Favorable Today.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 27.—At 2 A. M. President Harrison was still awaiting further news from his sister. He was trying to obtain a direct wire to North Bend, and stated that if the news from his sister was not more encouraging, he would start immediately for the East.

CINCINNATI, April 27.—A telephone message from Cleves, Ohio, at 9 o'clock this morning, gives the cheering information that Mrs. Eaton, a sister of President Harrison, rested fairly well last night and that her physician, while saying "She is still in a critical condition," thinks her symptoms much more favorable, with stronger hope for recovery. It is the physician's opinion that she may safely be removed today to her own home. She is entirely conscious and all her friends are much cheered by her apparent prospect of recovery.

NORTH BEND, Ohio, April 27.—The following message was received here today from President Harrison addressed to his sister, Mrs. Eaton:—

"SAN FRANCISCO, April 27.—We were greatly shocked to hear of your accident and wait with great anxiety further news. My love, and may God grant news more assuring.

BENJAMIN HARRISON."

SECRETARY NOBLE IN NEW YORK.

He Discusses Various Matters Connected with his Department.

NEW YORK, April 27.—Secretary John W. Noble of the Interior Department arrived in New York from Washington last evening. He said that he was here to attend to some private business, and might remain several days. Secretary Noble talked with a reporter of the affairs of the department over which he presides. "The last Congress passed several measures which will affect the work of the Interior Department considerably," he said. "The land laws were very materially altered. The timber culture law was repealed and other laws were so modified as to make important changes in great interests. The act which creates the court to settle the Mexican land claims will take a great burden off the Interior Department, which has done whatever has been done in the way of adjusting these claims. The act or something like it has long been needed and the work of settling these cases, which involve millions of acres, may now be said to be fairly begun. The act for the forfeiture of unearned land grants has been considered in the department, and instructions as to its execution have been issued to the registers and receivers of the land offices. It may practically be said to have been put into effect.

"Some criticisms have been made of the management of the Indian bureau, but I think that during this administration the condition of the Indians has improved. They are behaving themselves. I think they are inclined to take their lands in severalty and earn their living. You cannot hurry Indians. They are a deliberate set and take time to make up their minds, but most of them are disposed to be quiet and peaceable. No further trouble with the Sioux is expected. There are some questions yet to be settled as to their country, and the commission named on Saturday will go soon to the field and adjust these questions. The commission may have some thing to say as to what shall be done permanently with the Cheyennes who were taken from their old reservation by General Miles as a measure of safety. There are some unfinished matters on the Rosebud and Brule reservations which will take some time to adjust. When these questions are settled I anticipate no further trouble with these Indians."

"Will the Indians make good soldiers?"

"I think so. They are not in a hurry to enlist, but this is one of the questions which they wish to deliberate. They make good scouts and are effective as policemen on the reservations, for they like the authority which comes from these positions. Therefore I think, when they have had time to study the situation, they will be inclined to join the regular army under the provisions of the recent act."

Secretary Noble said that he regarded the recent anniversary of the establishment of the patent system one of the most interesting and important of all the public gatherings held in Washington of late. It had been rich in able speeches on the patent laws and their interpretation, and had aroused an interest in the subject which had not been apparent before.

Protection in France.

PARIS, April 27.—M. Meline, president of the customs committee of the Chamber of Deputies, in an interview today said that in spite of all the free trade attacks he was determined to stick to a protection tariff, which, he said, will have the support of the Chamber of Commerce.

A Liberal Member of Parliament Dangerously Ill.

LONDON, April 27.—Mr. James Patrick O'Gorman Mahon, generally known as The O'Gorman Mahon, M. P. for Carlow, Ireland, is dangerously ill. He is a Liberal and in favor of home-rule for Ireland.

Second Edition.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

BY TELEGRAPH

To the Associated Press.

AT GRANT'S TOMB.

The Corner Stone of the Monument Laid with Appropriate Ceremonies.

NEW YORK, April 27.—Thousands of people assembled in Riverside Park today to witness the ceremonies attending the breaking of ground for the erection of a monument to the late General Grant. The weather was cool and clear, with bright sunlight. Today is the sixty-ninth anniversary of the birth of General Grant, and was, therefore, selected by the Grant Monument Association as the most appropriate occasion for the ceremonies. Elaborate preparations had been completed for a fitting observation. Before the regular ceremonies commenced, Lawson W. Fuller, at the head of three hundred children from the Sheltering Arms Institution, and a drum and fife corps, playing "America," marched past the tomb with flags drooped. Each child carried a bouquet of forget-me-nots, which was cast upon the tomb. Charles H. Freeman, department commander of the Grand Army of Republic for the state of New York, presided and officiated as master of ceremonies. He with his own hands grasped a spade at the appropriate moment and dug the first earth from the ground upon which the memorial to the hero of Appomattox is to be reared. Hundreds of the veterans of the war who loved and even now worship the memory of that hero participated in the ceremonies. Shortly after 1 o'clock the veterans began to assemble. They were joined by General O. O. Howard and a company of infantry and a battery of artillery. The navy was represented by Admiral Erwine and his staff. The veterans and the regulars under General Howard at once took up a position forming a circle about the mound. The preliminaries were quietly and simply effected.

There was no marching or countermarching and the strains of martial air were entirely missing. The members of the Grant Monument Association and the guests of the day were received at the Claremont Hotel, just north of the mound, by the Alexander Hamilton Post. After the preliminaries of the reception were finished the members of the association and their guests were escorted to a larger platform which had been erected near the mound, and seats were provided for them. This platform accommodated about one thousand people. Or it were also seated the members of the Grant family, including Mrs. Nellie Sartoris, who recently arrived from England.

United States steamer Yantic, Commander Charles H. Rockwell, which lay in the Hudson directly opposite the tomb, fired a salute in honor of the dead general. The exercises began with an overture by the Marine band. Rev. Dr. Clark Wright, chaplain on the staff of Commander Freeman, then led in prayer. The prayer was followed by the singing of the "Star-Spangled Banner" by a large chorus under Silas G. Pratt, the well-known American composer. General Horace Porter, who was then introduced, delivered the oration. This was followed by the singing of "America" by the chorus and audience. The ceremonies ended with the laying of the corner-stone of the monument and the benediction by the chaplain.

The monument will be about one hundred feet square. It is intended first to build the portion of the monument designated in the plans for the reception of the sarcophagus, and this will be completed as if it were to be an independent structure and without regard to the other portion before anything else is undertaken. The fund already in hand, about $150,000, is more than ample to meet the cost of this part of the monument.

A Daring Robbery of a Railroad Station in Hungary.

BUDA-PESTH, April 27.—A despatch from Arad, a market town on the river Muras, one hundred and forty-five miles from here, brings news of a daring robbery which has been committed at the railroad station there. Several thieves, it appears, attacked the railroad station, threw pepper in the eyes of a watchman who attempted to defend the property, then killed the watchman, and breaking open the safe, stole all the registered letters. The latter contained, in addition to money and postal orders, articles of jewelry, etc., valued at about $5,000.

Sentenced to Three Years' Imprisonment.

CONCORD, N. H., April 27.—In the supreme court this forenoon Charles L. Stratton, who embezzled funds belonging to the Boston & Maine railroad, was sentenced to three years' imprisonment.

Death of a Prominent Citizen of Ware, Mass.

WARE, Mass., April 27.—Philip L. O'Keefe, prominent in town affairs for many years, died this morning. He was for three years a member of the Democratic central committee and chairman of the town committee. Revs. John and Thomas O'Keefe of West Springfield are his brothers.

A Mortgage for a Million and a Half.

SALEM, Mass., April 27.—One of the largest mortgages ever recorded in Salem was recorded today, being from the New York Biscuit Company, through its secretary and treasurer, to the Central Trust Company of New York, for $1,500,000, to secure an issue of bonds for that amount, the bonds to date from March 1, 1891, to March 1, 1911.

The Funeral of Philip Moen.

WORCESTER, Mass., April 27.—The funeral of Philip L. Moen, late president of the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company, will occur at 3.30 o'clock this afternoon at his home on Lincoln street. The great works of Washburn & Moen, on Grove street, and at Quinsigamond village, are closed today, and this morning the employees to the number of over two thousand formed in line at the city works and marched to the house, where they viewed the remains, which were lying in the reception hall. The service will be conducted this afternoon by Rev. W. W. Davis, pastor of the Union Church, assisted by Rev. Ebenezer Cutler and Rev. Dr. Merriam. During the funeral many factories will suspend work and all of the insurance offices and some of the banks will be closed. The interment will be at the Rural Cemetery.

CASHIER DISAPPEARS.

A Sensation in Montgomery City, Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 27.—Captain H. W. Covington, cashier of the Farmers and Traders' Bank of Montgomery City, Mo., has disappeared. Last Tuesday at noon Captain Covington and his nephew closed and locked the bank and went to dinner, as was their custom. When they returned they noticed nothing out of the way, but at closing hour, when the cash was balanced up, $9,300 was found missing. Captain Covington was nearly distracted, and came to St. Louis. Upon his arrival here he reported the robbery to the police authorities. After telling all he knew he departed, promising to return later in the day, but he has not been seen since. His brother arrived here yesterday, and active search for the missing man is now in progress.

The Funeral of Hartford's Postmaster.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 27.—The funeral took place today of Major John C. Kinney, late postmaster of Hartford, and commander of the governor's guard. Private services were held at the house at 2 o'clock, after which the line of march was taken up to the armory, where public services were held. Addresses were made by Rev. George Leon Walker and Senator Joseph R. Hawley. The armory was packed and many people were unable to gain admission. There were twelve honorary bearers, among them Senators Platt and Hawley.

The interment was at Spring Grove Cemetery. Besides the local military and Grand Army organizations, there were present delegations from a number of out-of-town organizations, including the Ancient and Honorables of Boston, the Worcester Continentals and the Old Guard of New York.

Will Be Buried in the Potters' Field.

NEW YORK, April 27.—The remains of Carrie Brown, the victim of "Jack the Ripper," are still at the morgue. They will be interred tomorrow in Potters' Field, unless the relatives of the woman in Salem claim the body today.

Postponed Until October.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The Supreme Court today formally postponed the Sayward Bering sea case until the second Monday of the October term.

The Fire to be Investigated.

MALDEN, Mass., April 27.—The stock in Max Blumenthal's general furnishing store in the Edgeworth district was badly damaged by fire early this morning. Blumenthal claims a damage of $4,000; insured. The police state the fire was incendiary and there will be an investigation.

The Body Identified.

BOSTON, April 27.—The body of the young woman who was found dead in the Parker House, Friday, has been identified as that of Bertha Everett, 17, of Phillipsburg, Penn., not Pittsburg, as previously stated. She was on the way to Haverhill, Mass., to take care of a sister who is ill in that city. It is believed she blew out the gas.

The President in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 27.—On receipt of a despatch from Cincinnati this morning conveying intelligence of improvement in the condition of Mrs. Eaton, the sister of President Harrison, it was announced on behalf of the President that the program of the entertainment arranged for today and the remainder of the week would be observed, unless other and less favorable news of Mrs. Eaton's condition should be received.

In Favor of the Lottery Company.

NEW ORLEANS, April 27.—The supreme court has decided the lottery mandamus case in favor of the lottery company.

Killed by a Freight Train.

GREENFIELD, Mass., April 27.—The three-year-old son of John Galvin was killed this morning on the River road by a freight train.

A Vermont Man Missing.

RUTLAND, Vt., April 27.—Edward Smith, aged forty-two, a prosperous farmer and fishing rod manufacturer of Pittsford, drove to this city Thursday intending after he had transacted some business, to stay over night with his brother-in-law. The business matters were attended to but his brother-in-law has not seen him and he has been missing since. He had symptoms of the grip and had acted queerly for several days, and is thought to have wandered away or committed suicide. He was prominent in his section and an ex-member of the legislature.

Odd Fellows Celebration in Brockton.

BROCKTON, Mass., April 27.—The Odd Fellows of southeastern Massachusetts celebrated their seventy-second anniversary here today. The weather was perfect, and as a result one thousand men and six bands were in line. Many business houses and residences on the line of march were decorated, and the city presents a gay appearance. Ex-Mayor Wade was president of the day and Colonel John J. Walpole acted as toastmaster at the dinner which was served in the exhibition hall at the fair grounds.

AMERICA'S NATURAL GAME PRESERVES.

The value of our grand mountain forests as natural fish and game preserves is not fully appreciated by one person in a thousand. The average man probably knows that there is splendid shooting and fishing in the Adirondacks or White mountains, but has not the slightest conception of the conditions necessary to the propagation and preservation of fish and game life. People who go to mountain resorts for pleasure and recreation are dependent for pastime and exercise in a great degree on the natural shooting and fishing resources of the country they are visiting. And yet the pleasure would be almost totally denied them were our mountains stripped of their grand forest trees.

Killing game of any description for the mere sake of slaughter is not sportsmanlike, and is generally discountenanced by every refined person. Fishing and hunting, however, as indulged in by the true sportsman, are grand sports that appeal strongly to every lover of nature. Now, if our forests were wantonly destroyed, this country would soon become almost totally bereft of game and fish life. When trees that beautifully line the banks of pretty mountain trout streams are hewn, and the water is open to the glare of the hot sun, trout gradually disappear; and where man's despoiling hand robs mountains of their trees, the hunter's paradise is gone and game gradually becomes extinct.

Much of Continental Europe, particularly Switzerland, is mainly attractive to tourists because of the mountain scenery. This is also true of America. New Hampshire is especially attractive in this respect, and has great cause to keep a sharp eye on its forest trees. Millions of dollars are annually brought into New Hampshire, the White mountains being a favorite resort for thousands of American tourists. If the pecuniary side alone were to be considered, one can easily see why New Hampshire people are solicitous lest they shall lose a source of vast income. For who would care to view the now beautiful White mountains were they bare and uninviting, with only rocks and boulders to greet the tourist's expectant eye? If these mountains are robbed of their primitive beauty they will no longer be visited, there will be nothing there but vast wastes and masses of rock, hideous in their ugliness and uselessness.

Fires play an important part in the destruction of mountain forests. Many fires have started and burned fiercely for days, doing incalculable damage, without the slightest attempt on the part of anyone to extinguish them. This is due more to ignorance than to negligence, as the value of the property destroyed was not fully appreciated, if at all, and was therefore allowed to be worse than wasted.

Luckily for America a few enthusiastic men have taken hold of this matter, and are using every effort in their power to bring those in authority to a proper understanding of the situation. These men have thoroughly studied the subject, and are therefore qualified to speak with assurance. Their efforts are devoted primarily to one object—the preservation of our forests from fire. Of course trees must be hewn for lumber and fuel, but this can be done in a judicious manner, and so that our grand natural game preserves will not be destroyed.—[Carl Swift, in The Week's Sport.

Steamers Arrived.

Passed Kinsale, April 25, Kansas, from Boston for Liverpool.

At New York, April 25, Pietyvit, from Mediterranean ports.

At New York, April 25, Umbria, from Liverpool.

At Boston, April 25, Crystal, from Leith and Dundee.

At New York, April 25, Augusta Victoria, from Hamburg.

At New York, April 25, Polynesia, from Stettin.

At New York, April 26, Alaska, from Liverpool.

At New York, April 26, Egyptian Monarch, from London.

At New York, April 26, America, from London.

At New York, April 26, La Bretagne, from Havre.

At New York, April 26, Charlois, from Bremen.

At New York, April 23, Simon Dumois, from Savanilla.

At New York, April 26, Bermuda, from Bermuda.

At New York, April 24, Wellhaven, from Baracoa.

At Boston, April 26, Cephalonia, from Liverpool.

At Boston, April 26, Edenmore, from Antwerp.

At Boston, April 26, Hermann, from Antwerp.

At Queenstown, April 26, Arizona, from New York.

At Hamburg, April 26, Columbia, from New York.

Passed the Lizard, April 26, La Normandie, from New York for Havre.

At Queenstown, April 27, Scythia, from Boston.

At New York, April 27, Brilliant, from Greytown.

At New York, April 27, City of Washington, from Vera Cruz and Havana.

Antique Furniture.

New importation of

Dutch Silver:

Coffee Spoons, Oyster Forks
Bon Bon Boxes,
Liquor Glasses and Bottles (silver mounted)
Trays, Cream Pitchers, Baskets, etc.

ENGLISH HALL CLOCKS,

MAHOGANY AND MARQUETRIE

TEA TABLES.

GEO. E. VERNON & CO.

POWELL'S
COMPOUND SYRUP
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An excellent spring tonic.

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Stocks, Bonds and Mining Shares bought and sold for cash or on margin.

MORNING NEWS.

THE DEAD SOLDIER.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE FUNERAL OF GENERAL VON MOLTKE.

BERLIN, April 22.—The body of the late Count Von Moltke was viewed by the public yesterday from noon until 5 o'clock in the afternoon. The bier, which was placed in the hall room of the staff building, is draped with white silk, embroidered with silver, and a coverlet, designed by the deceased for the purpose, covers the body as far as the breast. The remains have been embalmed by Dr. Beuster. The emperor has ordered the army to go into mourning for eight days. The deceased count's own regiments will mourn for twelve or fourteen days.

BERLIN, April 27.—Gen. Von Moltke was in the best of spirits on Friday evening and reminded his niece that their supply of wine must be renewed. He narrated the story of a man who had sent him a calculation showing that at the general's birthday had never fallen on Sunday, and smilingly added: "If I were superstitious, I might believe that I had seen my last birthday."

The emperor desires that the whole Berlin garrison shall take part in the funeral.

As the route to the Lehrter station is too short the coffin will be conveyed to the Silesian station. Thus the dead hero will pass the columns of victory and through the Brandenburg gate, where he made entries with his sovereign in 1866 and 1871. The route, which is five miles long, will be lined with troops and veterans throughout. It is probable that the kaiser will personally command the troops.

Prince Bismarck has sent a telegraphic message of condolence to the family of the dead soldier. It is not known whether the ex-chancellor will attend the funeral or not. Telegrams have been received from a majority of the German and other European sovereigns and princes.

The body lies in a coffin of yellow oak, which is placed on a pedestal covered with wreaths. The head rests upon a white cushion. The classical regularity and marble whiteness of the features strongly recall the death mask of Frederick the Great in the Potsdam palace. The room in which the body lies is draped with dark red cloth, but the associations dispel any idea of gloom. Men of all classes, from ministers to workmen, mingle in the chamber, many of them in tears. None of the numerous order decorations of the deceased have been placed on the bier. In accordance with his own desire, his only ornament is a plain gold wedding ring worn on his right hand.

VIENNA, April 27.—A deputation from the Austrian regiment of which Gen. Von Moltke was honorary colonel has started for Berlin.

May Day in Paris.

PARIS, April 27.—The May day celebrations are likely to prove a ridiculous failure, in consequence of the squabbles of the Socialist leaders. The various Marxist, Guesdist, Broussist, Allemanist, Anarchist, Possibilist, Collectivist, and others—all having the common aspiration to bring about a street row, cannot agree how to accomplish their purpose with the least danger of provoking an explosion which will end in their summary punishment. This the government is entirely ready to inflict. M. Constans, minister of the interior, is known to entertain no scruples as to dealing decisively with the Anarchist mob. The split relates to the proposed public demonstration. All sides have agreed to stop work and devote the day to frolic, drink, dinners and dances.

Death of Grand Duke Nicholas.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 27.—Grand Duke Nicholas, an uncle of the czar, is dead. He was a field marshal in the Russian army and inspector general of cavalry and engineers. He was born in 1831, and married in 1856 the Princess Alexandra of Oldenburg. He became incurable insane in October of last year from long service.

Miners to Strike.

BERLIN, April 27.—The Bochum miners have resolved to begin a general strike today. They have appointed twenty-one delegates to negotiate with the masters for a work-day of eight hours, and increased wages.

POISONED BY ARSENIC.

Cause of the Death of Mrs. Barnaby of Providence.

DENVER, April 27.—Some months ago Mrs. Josephine B. Barnaby, widow of J. B. Barnaby, a large clothing merchant of Providence, R. I., took a trip to California for her health. Mrs. G. S. Worrell, wife of a prominent Denver real estate dealer, accompanied her. On their return April 9 Mrs. Barnaby found a package, post marked Boston, which had arrived during her absence. It contained a small flask of whisky, with this inscription: "With best wishes accept this fine old whisky from your friends in the woods."

A few days later both of the ladies drank some of the whisky to allay chills contracted during a long drive. Shortly after both ladies were taken violently sick, and Mrs. Barnaby died an hour afterward, and it was with the greatest effort that the physicians succeeded in saving Mrs. Worrell's life.

The poisonous liquid, which caused the death, has been found to be simply water, colored with some organic matter and containing two grains of arsenic to the ounce, instead of whisky, as was at first suspected.

DANGER OF MOB VIOLENCE.

Great Excitement Prevailing in Walla Walla Over a Lynching.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., April 27.—Great excitement still prevails in this city over the lynching of Hunt Saturday by the soldiers of Superior. Judge Upton has called on Col. Compton, commanding Fort Walla Walla, for aid in ferreting out the guilty parties and bringing them to justice. Col. Compton said he would lend all aid in his power, and that only the misconception of the gravity of the situation on his part prevented his taking more active steps to prevent the trouble. Col. Compton stigmatized the action of the mobs a disgrace to himself, his officers, the troops and the entire army. The grand jury has been summoned to inquire into the tragedy. Saturday evening the sheriff and the prosecuting attorney received what they regarded as authentic information that the plot had been laid by the soldiers to kill Policeman Ames [illegible] two gamblers, T. J. Holybroke and Benjamin Taylor, and to demolish two gambling houses. When the facts were communicated to Col. Compton he issued an order that no enlisted man be allowed out of the post until further orders, and that check roll-call be made every hour throughout the night until the danger of further mob violence is passed. Over 100 special guards are on duty ready to repel any attack by the soldiers.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—No action has been taken by the war department in regard to the lynching of D. J. Hunt, who killed a private of the army at Walla Walla, Wash., last Wednesday, and who was lynched by the soldiers from the garrison Friday. Secretary Proctor said last night that the matter had been left to the division commander, Gen. Ruger, and that every effort would be made by the department to aid the civil authorities in bringing the lynchers to justice. The secretary further said that this was the first instance within his recollection where soldiers of the army had taken revenge by killing the assailant of any of their comrades, and he was confident the act was done by them while in a frenzy of excitement, and that in due course of time the lynchers would be discovered and punished. Nothing would be done by the war department, he said, until a report of the affair had been received.

HE IS SUSPECTED.

A MAN ARRESTED AS IMITATOR OF "JACK THE RIPPER."

NEW YORK, April 27.—No progress was reported by the police Sunday in the work of catching Francois, or Frenchy, the alleged imitator of "Jack the Ripper," but the way the detectives hustled in and out of the Oak street station last night gave the impression that they were hot on the trail of something. It was said that the detectives were watching a place where the man wanted had gone to change his clothes after the murder. Why they should be watching the place did not appear, unless it was that they had a tip that he might call for the clothes that he left.

It leaked out only at night that three of Inspector Byrnes' men had arrested one of the crew of the steamer Philadelphia of the Red "D" line in the afternoon. The Philadelphia got into port from Curacoa on Thursday.

The Man Arrested.

The man whom the police have got is one of the messmen aboard the vessel, and he is described as a tall, angular Hollander with a hooked nose, a scar over his right eye and a pockmark on his left cheek. His name was not learned.

It was definitely determined that the murdered woman was not the "Shakespeare" of the Bowery, Annie Campbell. She may have borrowed that name. Acting Capt. Creeden of the Eldridge street police station admitted that he was mistaken in his supposed recognition of the corpse.

If the police are right in their suspicion that the murderer is the Algerian Francois or "Frenchy," the cousin of the "Frenchy" they have locked up at the Oak street station, they may find him in Brooklyn.

Ex-Policeman Courtlander, who used to be connected with the Oak street station, said: "I know the fellow they call the cousin of the 'Frenchy' they have under under arrest, and I know pretty near where he can be found. He is a tall, light complexioned fellow, with a light or nearly sandy mustache. The last time I saw him was about three weeks ago. He walked through Oak and Water street. He was a desperate fellow, and the women say he has often threatened to kill them and cut them. He has beaten several of them."

Account of Frenchy.

Courtlander's account of "Frenchy" was corroborated by Mrs. Mary Harrington of 49 Oliver street, and she averred that "Frenchy," the alleged murderer, had dared to walk through Oliver street right in the midst of the policemen and detectives on Saturday.

"He was here on Friday morning about 11 o'clock," she said. "He didn't appear to be excited. He asked for his cousin, the one that is arrested. I told him he wasn't here. Dublin Mary was in the back room there, and she spoke to him. She called to me and said: 'What do you think of Frenchy. He stayed last night at the Fourth Ward hotel, the old name for the East River hotel, with old woman "Shakespeare."'

"Frenchy didn't say anything, but went out. Then about noon a colored man that works next door saw Frenchy walking down the street, and he came in here and told me. Frenchy went to a saloon down the street, and I guess got the tip there that the police were looking for him and got out."

At the Station.

Inspector Byrnes came in about 2 o'clock and stayed until after 5, leaving Inspector Williams and a lot of his detectives about the station. About 4:30 Sergt. Mulholland and Policeman John O'Brien of the City Hall park police arrived at the station with a man in custody. He was 5ft. 9in. in height, had a yellow mustache, newly cropped, a long nose, blue eyes, ruddy complexion, and light brown hair. He wore a light brown flannel shirt, blue flannel trousers, a light brown coat and waistcoat and heavy brogans. He walked with the step and roll of a sailor. He marched into Capt. O'Connor's office, and the door was locked. A few minutes later Capt. O'Connor requested the reporters in the station to withdraw, which they did.

At 5:20 the prisoner came out of the station. He walked alone, but right behind him, within reaching distance, were Acting Inspector McLaughlin and a detective. They walked up the Bowery and then toward headquarters in the same position.

There were about twenty arrests for drunkenness in the Oak street precinct, and in every case the policeman and his prisoners were followed to the station by a howling mob of children, who cried: "Jack the Ripper! There he is! See him! They've got him!".

Arrested on Suspicion.

NEW YORK, April 27.—Inspector Byrnes yesterday afternoon arrested the second engineer of the Red "D" line steamer Philadelphia, now lying at her pier on the East river at the foot of Market street, and turning his prisoner over to some of his men, had him taken to headquarters. The description of the man corresponds almost exactly with the murderer of Carrie Brown. The name of the prisoner could not be ascertained.

BASE BALL.

At Columbus—St. Louis, 7; Columbus, 5.
At Cincinnati—Louisville, 12; Cincinnati, 6.

THE BERING SEA.

THE CASE IS NOW POSTPONED UNTIL NEXT OCTOBER.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The Behring sea case is to be postponed until next October for the reasons already stated. The health of Justice Bradley will not permit him to resume his seat in the supreme court, and it is not in accordance with the usages of the bench to hear important international cases unless all of the justices are present. The briefs, however, both of the United States and Great Britain, have been filed in the supreme court. They do not indicate that the two governments have added anything to the point which has already been assumed that they would make, the government of Great Britain maintaing that the United States has no right to the Behring sea beyond the marine league. The United States maintains the ground which it from the first has taken. The case therefore will go over until October.

There does not appear to have been very much progress made recently with the diplomatic negotiations. The last correspondence on the subject given to the public closed with a letter from Lord Salisbury, in which he proposes to submit the questions to arbitration. This letter went unanswered for some time, but it is understood that an answer has been sent, rejecting the proposition, and submitting other questions for consideration. There is not much prospect of the settlement of this question at an early day, and the result of the attempts of the fishermen to take seals in the Behring sea this summer will therefore be watched with considerable interest. It is understood that Canadian and other cruisers have determined to catch the seals at their own discretion, relying upon the assurances that have been given by Lord Salisbury that they will be protected. The usual proclamation has been issued by the President of the United States under the last act of congress, but it is not known what new orders, if any, have been given to the commanders of the United States revenue cutters which cruised in Alaskan waters this season.

OUR TREATY WITH SPAIN

May Go Into Effect in 1892—Relations with Germany.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—It appears that the treaty which Spain has with different nations containing the favored nation clause, which would seem to be in opposition to the reciprocity agreement that Mr. Foster has just succeeded in negotiating with Spain in relation to Cuba, will terminate early in the year 1892. The probability is, therefore, that the treaty which Mr. Foster will bring back with him to the United States will provide for taking effect on the date of the expiration of those treaties with other nations which contain this favored nation clause.

After the negotiations with Spain shall have been concluded, the expectation is that the secretary of state will enter into negotiations, or at least attempt to do so, with Germany. The lever which the United States has under the retaliation act, and also under the reciprocity provision of the McKinley act, with respect to Germany, is that the beet sugar of that country can be excluded from the United States ports unless Germany shall treat the products of the United States in a way that shall be satisfactory to the president of the United States.

No further legislation is required in that matter. Germany exported to the United States in the fiscal year 1890 sixteen millions of dollars in beet root sugar. Undoubtedly the German government will desire to retain that market, in the United States. This desire will be made the more certain when Germany shall discover that Brazil, Cuba and probably some of the other West India islands will have free access under the new reciprocity treaties to the United States market for their cane sugar, and on the basis of such a situation the state department undoubtedly intends to secure the removal of all restrictions in Germany against the importation into that country of American pork products. Minister Phelps, at Berlin, is known to be working upon that line, and his recent dispatches promise entire success.

NOT COUNTERFEIT.

Bogus $2 Bills Said to Be Genuine Reproductions.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—A great deal of mystery envelopes the official investigation of the dangerous $2 bill counterfeit, which has been going on for some time at the bureau of engraving and printing. Mr. Meredith, chief of the bureau, declines to speak upon the subject, but seemed very nervous about it.

An expert, who has examined the alleged counterfeit under a strong glass, and who is thoroughly familiar with the methods of preparing the dies, plates and the process of transferring, says that the alleged counterfeit is what is known in the "profession" as a counterfeit, but is, in fact, a reproduction from a genuine plate.

He says that it is just such an impression as might be made from a plate made by the process of getting an impression from the genuine plate on lead or other soft metallic surface and then transfevring it to hard metal. This, he says, was probably the case, and that it is impossible that so perfect a plate could be made in any other way.

If this theory be correct, the impression must have been made in the bureau of engraving and printing, and how this could be done where there is supposed to be such a perfect system of keeping the mother die and the plates, under lock and key, and always accounted for, is a mystery.

IN DESPERATION,

McKinnon Cuts Off Both Frozen Feet—His Recovery Doubtful.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 27.—Joseph Contour, while hunting in Labroquerie, near the boundary of Minnesota, a few days ago, ran across a little shanty, in front of which was a human foot. Entering he found a man named McKinnon lying on a bundle of rags, almost famished, and nearly insane by his sufferings. Some weeks ago both his feet became frozen, and mortification began in one foot. In desperation he cut it off with a butcher knife and threw it outside. This crippled him completely, and he lay in his hut dying of starvation, thirst and pain, until the chance appearance of the wandering hunter. Giving the wounded man something to eat, Contour set out at once to obtain assistance. He secured a team and two men and, returning to the hut, found that the wounded man had hacked off his other foot, mortification having also attacked it. McKinnon was brought to Winnipeg and placed in the hospital. His recovery is doubtful.

The American Tract Society.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The annual Washington meeting of the American Tract society was held last night in the First Congregational church. Ex-Justice William Strong, LL. D., president of the society, presided, and addresses were made by Justice Brewer of the supreme court and Rev. William A. Rice, secretary of the society. The report of the secretary showed that the society had closed a successful year on April 1. Its receipts for the year from all sources, including both the business and the benevolent departments were, in round numbers, $305,000.

In San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 27.—The presidential party spent a very quiet Sabbath. The president and Mrs. Harrison accompanied Mayor and Mrs. Sanderson to the First Presbyterian church. The remainder of the day the president spent in his room at the Palace Hotel. A number of persons called during the day, but he generally asked to be excused on the ground that he needed rest after the fatiguing efforts of the last two weeks.

In Memory of Gen. Johnstone.

RICHMOND, Va., April 27.—Memorial services in honor of Gen. Joseph E. Johnston were held here last evening in Mozart academy. Governor McKinney occupied a private box. Lee camp of Confederate veterans, under whose auspices the service was held, were in uniform. Revs. Wm. E. Judkins and W. W. Landrum conducted religious services, and Rev. S. A. Goodwin delivered an eloquent address on the life of Gen. Johnston.

Death of a Publisher.

FREDONIA, N. Y., April 27.—Chas. Luther Webster, the publisher, died at his beautiful residence, Interestrassen, in Fredonia. Mr. Webster leaves a wife and three children. The funeral will be Tuesday at 3 p. m. from the residence. Three weeks ago Mr. Webster was attacked with neuralgia in the head. This was followed by complications from which he died.

Death of a Prominent Irishman.

BOSTON, April 27.—Hon. Michael J. Flatley, long and favorably known in public service, and as proprietor of the Jefferson house, 16 and 18 North street, Boston, died Saturday at his residence, of pneumonia.

FOR THE FIRST TIME.

Dedication of Dr. Talmage's New Tabernacle in Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN, April 27.—Rev. T. De Witt Talmage's new tabernacle, at the corner of Green and Clinton avenues, was opened to his congregation and the public for the first time yesterday morning. Three imposing dedicatory services were held during the day, and thousands of people crowded the big edifice at each one. The tabernacle's dimensions are 200 feet long by 118 wide, and it is Romanesque in its style of architecture. It is built of brick and stone. The interior of the church has two galleries and will seat 5500 persons. The big organ cost $30,000. Up to date the total cost of the church is $410,000, and it will require $40,000 more to complete it.

Yesterday morning's service was opened by the vast congregation singing the doxology. Prayer was then offered by Rev. Dr. Hastings, and the dedicatory prayer was made by Rev. Dr. Wendell Prime. Dr. Talmage then welcomed the congregation. Rev. Dr. Hamill of Washington delivered the dedicatory sermon, after which Dr. Talmage made another short address, speaking of the disasters through which they had passed in the last twenty years. He said that during that time over $800,000 had been expended and $305,000 subscribed for charitable purposes. The congregation had been called upon to build three churches.

Rev. Dr. Ives, the well known debt-raiser, was then introduced and made an urgent appeal to the audience for money. He called for $1000 subscriptions, as it was necessary for them to raise $50,000 at once, to remove the mechanics' lien on the building. There were eight who subscribed $1000 each, and then he called for $500 subscriptions, and nine subscribed that amount each. The total collection during the morning was about $32,000.

At the afternoon and evening services almost enough more was raised to make up the required $50,000. There still remains a debt on the church of $200,000.

Strangled by His Brother.

SHELBURNE, Ont., April 27.—A 16-year-old son of R. J. Whitten, living near here, undertook to show his younger brother how a boy in the United States, who had been whipped by his mother, hanged himself. After he had got the little boy's head into the noose, the latter's feet slipped on the slanting ground, leaving him suspended by the neck. The elder brother was too frightened to give an alarm, and the lad was strangled.

Suicide in Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN, April 27.—Raphael Stearns, an importer and a prominent Grand Army man, committed suicide at his residence yesterday afternoon by stabbing himself to the heart with a clasp knife, which he had sharpened for the purpose. Mr. Stearns, who was 50 years of age, had been in ill health for several months, and was probably mentally deranged.

The Damage to the Shoreham.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Building Inspector Entwistle has reported to the district commissioners that it will cost about $50,000 to thoroughly repair and reconstruct the Shoreham, Vice President Morton's new hotel, the stairways of which recently gave way. The hotel will have to be closed for three months.

Ex-Congressman McKinley's Condition.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Ex-Congressman McKinley, who was quite sick Saturday night from an attack of acute indigestion, was much better last night, and his physicians and friends look for his speedy recovery.

Crazed by the Grip.

BOSTON, April 27.—Miss Lydia A. Hutchings, 32 years of age, and daughter of Albert Hutchings, committed suicide at the house of her father Saturday afternoon by shooting herself in the head with a pistol ball. The delirium accompanying an attack of la grippe is assigned as the cause.

PHOTOGRAPHERS

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O. G. Java Coffee, 30c. a lb.; 3½ lbs. for $1. Roasted fresh weekly.
Best Hazell Flour made, 80c. a bag; $6.25 a bbl.
Best St. Louis Flour made, 75c. a bag; $5.75 a bbl.
A gallon can of apples for 25c.
Two cans French Peas for 25c.
Two cans Hubbard Squash for 25c.
Two cans Boston Marrow Squash for 25c.
Three cans String Beans for 25c.

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Moon's Phases for April, 1891.

	D.	H. M.
Last Quarter	2	1 30 A. M.
New Moon	8	3 57 P. M.
First Quarter	15	8 40 P. M.
Full Moon	24	0 05 A. M.

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

TOMORROW (TUESDAY) APRIL 28, 1891.

Sun rises	4 h. 44 m.
Sun sets	6 h. 40 m.
Moon rises P. M.	11 h. 33 m.
Length of day	13 h. 56 m.
Day's increase	4 h. 52 m.
High water, 10 h. 11 m. A. M.;	10 h. 21 m. P. M.
Height of tide, 2 ft. 7 in. A. M.;	3 ft. 4 in. P. M.

NEWPORT POSTOFFICE.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 8 to 9 A. M.
Money Order and Registry departments 8 A.M. to 7 P. M., Sundays excepted.
Lobby open from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M. Sundays 7 A. M. to 1 P. M.

Opening and closing of mails.

	Close. A.M.	Close. P.M.	Open. A.M.	Open. P.M.
New York & Southern	7 10	4 00	10 00	1 30
	10 00	4 45		7 30
Boston, Eastern & Western	7 10	2 30	10 00	1 30
	10 00	4 45	11 30	6 30
Providence, R. I.	7 10	2 30		1 30
	10 00	4 45	10 00	2 10
		12 30		6 30
				7 30
Fall River, Mass.	7 10	2 30	10 00	
		4 45	11 30	6 30
New Bedford, Mass.	7 10	4 45	11 30	6 30
Jamestown, R. I.	11 30			2 00
Block Island, R.I., Tues., Thurs. and Sat.	11 45		11 30	
Mon., Wed. and Fri.				
Bristol Ferry	7 10	4 45	11 30	6 30
Tiverton & Portsmouth	7 30	4 45	11 30	7 00
Wickford	7 10			1 30
South Portsmouth	7 30			7 00

The Sunday mail for New York, Boston and Providence, closes at 5.30 P. M.

COLLECTIONS FROM STREET LETTER BOXES.

	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Middletown Line,	4.30	1.30	
Broadway and Whitehall,	4.32	1.32	
Broadway and Howard,	4.35	1.35	3.49
Warner and Gould,	4.38	1.38	3.52
Broadway and Caleb Earl,	4.41	1.41	3.55
Rhode Island avenue,	5.08	1.35	3.10
Kay and Ayrault,	5.05	1.33	3.44
Catherine and Gibbs avenue,	5.12	1.38	3.37
Red Cross avenue,	5.00	1.45	3.39
Catherine and Greenough,	5.15	1.41	3.35
Cottage street,	5.17	1.50	3.31
Newport Reading Room,	5.25	1.52	4.15
Kay and Brinley,	5.03	1.20	4.12
Spring and Touro,	5.00	1.52	4.09
Broadway and Bull,	4.42	1.42	3.56
Thames and Bridge,	4.55	1.45	4.03
Second and Willow,	4.52	1.43	4.01
Washington and Elm,	4.50	1.48	4.00
Washington square,	4.58	1.50	4.07
Thames, opp. Mary,	6.01	1.59	4.21
Thames, opp. Church,	6.05	1.56	4.23
Thames, opp. Pelham,	6.07	1.58	4.25
Mill and Spring,	6.13	1.54	4.30
Pelham and Corne,	6.00	1.55	4.17
Bellevue and Bath road,	5.59	1.38	3.36
Bellevue and Bellevue court,	5.54	1.42	3.23
Bellevue and Narragansett,	5.33	1.41	3.20
Thames and Wellington,	5.53		3.00
Spring and Dearborn,	5.55	1.48	3.03

On Sundays the only collection made will be in accordance with the last afternoon schedule.
The collection of letters from any box, before the schedule time, is absolutely prohibited.
Carriers' delivery at 7.00 and 9.45 A. M., and 2.30 P. M., Sundays excepted.
The efficiency of the postal service will be increased if all persons having reason for complaint will address the postmaster personally or in writing.

HENRY H. FAY, Postmaster.

STRANGERS' DIRECTORY.

Armory of Newport Artillery, Clarke street—Open daily to visitors.

U. S. Naval Training Station, Coasters Harbor Island—Open to visitors from 8 P. M. till sunset daily. Sunday services at 10.30 A. M.

Fort Adams—Guard mount and dress parade 9 A. M. except Saturdays and Sundays. Drill 10 to 11 A. M. daily except Saturdays and Sundays. Inspection Saturdays at 9 A. M.

Redwood Library, Bellevue avenue—Open to visitors daily, Sundays excepted, from 12 M. to 2 P. M. Open to subscribers from 10 A. M. to 6 P. M.

People's Library, 200 Thames street—Open from 10 A. M. to 8 P. M. daily (except on Sundays), and on Saturdays until 9 P. M.

Historical and Natural History Societies' Rooms, Touro street—Open daily, Sundays excepted, from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. Visitors are cordially invited.

Electric Street Cars on Spring street, Broadway, Levin street and Bath road; to Mile Corner and Morton Park, and Cliff avenue.

Places of Interest—FORTY STEPS, on Cliffs, foot of Narragansett avenue; SPOUTING ROCK, west end of Bailey's beach. PARADISE and HANGING ROCKS, north of Second beach; PURGATORY, west end of Second beach. MIANTONOMI HILL, end of Malbone road, off Broadway.

Cliff Walk—Extending from Easton's to Bailey's beaches past the residences of Mrs. Gammell, Robert and Ogden Goelet, L. L. Lorillard, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mrs. Astor, William Rogers, the Misses Astors, Dr. C. N. Bell and others. Open to the public.

Drives—Bellevue avenue, from Jewish Cemetery to Bailey's beach; Ocean avenue, "ten-mile drive," from Bailey's beach along the south shore, by Gray's Point, Bateman's, Castle Hill, Fort Adams, Brenton's Cove, along the crest of Halidon Hill with its superb views of the harbor, the islands and the bay; West road, from Broadway to Bristol Ferry, nine miles, by Lawton's Valley, the Coal Mines and Portsmouth Grove, with full view of the bay; East road, from Broadway to Stone Bridge, twelve miles; Paradise road, from Second beach, by Hanging Rocks to Indian avenue, Indian avenue, continuing north along Easton's.

Notable Anniversaries.

April 27.

308—St. Anthemius and others martyred at Nicomedia.
1401—Philip the Bold, Duke of Burgundy, died; born 1342.
17[illegible]—Edward Gibbon, the historian, born; died 1794.
1759—Mary Woolstonecraft (Mrs. William Godwin) noted agitator, born; died 1797.
1794—Sir William Jones, eminent oriental scholar, died; born 1746; he recovered the Sanskrit language, translated the sacred books of India and founded the present system of philology.
1805—General William Eaton, with a motley force of Americans, Greeks and Arabs, stormed and captured Derne, Tripoli; first time the United States flag was raised over a foreign fortification.
1863—Colonel Straight started on his raid from Tuscumbia, Ala.; captured May 2; on the same day General Stoneman began his raid in Virginia.
1870—Revolution in Venezuela successful, General Guzman Blanco made provisional president.
1875—Commodore John H. Aulick, U. S. N., died, aged 84 years.
1875—W. Winwoode Reade, author, died in England.

Malvern Hill, about twelve miles below Richmond, Va., the scene of one of the great battles of the war, was sold this week to William H. Hale of New York city.

Bric-a-Brac.

AT THE DOOR.

I thought myself indeed secure,
So fast the door, so firm the lock;
But O! the toddling comes to lure
My parent ear with timorous knock.

My heart were stone could it withstand
The sweetness of my baby's plea—
That timorous, baby-knocking, and,
"Please, let me in—it's only me."

I threw aside the unfinished book,
Regardless of its tempting charms,
And, opening wide the door, I took
My laughing darling in my arms.

Who knows but in eternity
I, like a truant child, shall wait—
The glories of a life to be,
Beyond the Heavenly Father's gate?

And will that Heavenly Father heed
The truant's supplicating cry,
As at the outer door I plead,
"'Tis I, oh, Father! only I!"?

—[Eugene Field, in the Chicago News.

FANCIES.

The hours are growing shorter for the millions who are toiling,
And the homes are growing better for the millions yet to be;
And the poor shall learn the lesson, how that waste and sin are spelling
The fairest and the finest of a grand humanity.
It is coming! it is coming! and men's thoughts are growing deeper;
They are giving of their millions as they never gave before;
They are learning the new gospel; man must be his brother's keeper,
And right, not might, shall triumph, and the selfish rule no more.

—[Sarah K. Bolton.

The American hog has not yet taken root in German soil.—[Washington Star.

Age is not always a criterion of ability. Many a man of thirty can be like "sixty."—[New York Journal.

Minister (on Sunday, to Tommy, who is about to go a-fishing)—"Why are you digging worms today, my son?"
Tommy—"'Cause yer can't get many 'thout yer do dig."—[Boston Herald.

He (after his third proposal and rejection)—"Is there nothing I can do, Miss Tumpkins, to have you say yes?"
She—"Yes, there is."
He—"Oh, tell me what it is."
She—"Ask me if I will continue to say no."—[Boston Herald.

Guest (angrily)—"Your charge for three days' board is outrageous—a regular swindle, sir!"
Hotel proprietor—"You must remember that hotel charges are not based on what a guest consumes, but on what is provided. The waste of food at hotels is enormous."
Guest—"Then why don't you cook it better?"—[New York Weekly.

"No barometer less than $10!" re-echoed the old lady.
"None we can recommend."
"Goodness gracious!" she ejaculated, resignedly, "I'm so much bothered over that thing I sometimes almost wish John hadn't got cured of his rheumatism. Then we always knew what the weather was going to be."—[Philadelphia Times.

PERSONALS.

....The University of Denver has received a gift of $100,000 from ex-Governor Evans of Colorado.

....It is now denied that Baron Hirsch contemplates founding a colony of Russian Jews in Pennsylvania.

....Mr. Clyde Fitch sailed from New York Saturday for Europe, where he will remain during the summer months.

....Vice President Morton and his family have left Washington for his country place at Rhinebeck on the Hudson.

....Miss Anna Dickinson is again moving in social circles, but she has not recovered from the effects of her trying experience at Danville.

....The library of the late Dr. S. Lowell Elliott of New York, comprising 11,000 volumes, many of them very rare, has been presented by Mrs. Elliott to the American Museum of Natural History.

....At the close of yesterday morning's services at the Bethany Baptist Church, Boston Highlands, the pastor, Rev. Francis Bellamy, read a letter announcing his resignation, to take effect May 31. Mr. Bellamy will assume charge of a department in the Youth's Companion.

....A complimentary dinner was given last night to ex-President Cleveland by General Lloyd S. Bryce in New York. The affair was purely informal. Among those present were Bishop Potter, ex-Secretary Fairchild, R. W. Gilder, E. C. Stedman, E. J. Phelps, R. B. Roosevelt, Sydney Webster and Erastus Wiman.

....The first wedding reception of Mr. and Mrs. Grant Willis Newell, formerly Laura L. Hallett, whose quiet wedding took place early in the month at Hotel Brunswick, will occur on Thursday evening, April 30, at their apartments in the Strasburg, on Westland avenue. They will also receive on Thursday the following week, May 7.—[Boston Herald.

....Colonel Fred Grant and wife arrived in Paris on Friday for a short visit, and United States Minister Reid gave a dinner in their honor at the legation Saturday evening. Among those present were Count Arco Valley, Baron Tucher, Henry Villard and wife, Mrs. Paran Stevens, T. J. Harjes and wife. Mr. Reid will give a diplomatic dinner in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Grant.

....The late Lawrence Barrett left to his family the equity in his Cohasset property and his insurance of $120,000. It is said that $30,000 is asked for the Cohasset residence, a price far below its cost. One of the obligations some time since assumed by Mrs. Barrett—that of paying off the debt upon the Cohasset Catholic church—will be met by that lady, although at the time of its assumption Mr. Barrett's prospects seemed far brighter than the result warranted.

....Mrs. Dr. Eaton, the aged sister of President Harrison, was probably fatally injured in a runaway at North Bend, Indiana, yesterday afternoon. While returning from church in company with a friend, Miss Moore of Chicago, and while going down a hill, the breeching broke, and the buggy ran upon the horse, which became nervous. Both ladies got excited and Miss Moore, grabbing the reins suddenly, turned the animal into a pile of boxes in front of a store. Both ladies were thrown out. Mrs. Eaton struck on her head, receiving a severe scalp wound, and a cut over the right eye. She also suffered severe concussion of the brain and spine, and was probably internally injured. Miss Moore's left shoulder was dislocated, and she received painful bruises about the head and face. Mrs. Eaton remained unconscious until 10 o'clock, and the physicians pronounced her case hopeless.

....Mr. Edward W. Bok, in his Literary Leaves, says:—"Mrs. Grant has concluded that she will not, for the present at least, publish the 'Reminiscences of General Grant,' upon which she has been working for some time past. When she started upon the papers it was her purpose to first give them to a popular magazine, and then to be issued in book form. She now declares that she will not allow a line of what she has written to be put into type. She says that she will complete her work as a record to be kept by her children, and a mass of material which would in any event have been withheld had her manuscript been printed has been added to the written chapters, and the whole matter will be turned over to one of the sons for safe keeping. All of General Grant's love letters and the most valuable comments on the war are embodied in the manuscript. Mrs. Grant will impose no restriction upon her children as to the disposition of the material after her death, but while she lives it is settled that the public will not have her 'Reminiscences.'"

WHAT THE NEW ORLEANS MOB TEACHES.

The other exciting cause of the mob was the belief that the men who were killed were members of the Mafia, a secret society bound by the most rigid oaths and using murder as a means of maintaining its discipline and carrying out its decrees. Of the existence of such a society no reasonable man can, I think, have any doubt. That it has, as a rule, confined its operations to the people who brought it here is, I think, equally beyond question. But there is nothing to keep it necessarily within such bounds. It is anything but self-limited, and in a political soil like that of New Orleans it was pretty sure to extend. Now, if there is one thing more hateful to Americans than another, it is secret, oath bound societies which employ assassination as a recognized means for carrying out their objects. The killing of the eleven prisoners had in it no race feeling whatever. There has been no hostility to the Italians in America, as such. On the contrary, they have been generally regarded hitherto as an industrious people, prone to fierce quarrels among themselves, but, in the main, thrifty, hard-working and well-behaved. The men were not killed in the New Orleans prison because they were Italians, but because they were believed to be members of a secret-assassination society responsible for a brutal murder. There was a further popular belief that this society was not only responsible for the murder of the chief of police, but that it was extending its operations, that it was controlling juries by terror, and that it would gradually bring the government of the city and the state under its control. This belief, no doubt, was exaggerated, but it was certainly not without foundation. We have, therefore, three facts here of the gravest import. First, an outbreak of lawlessness which resulted in the death of eleven men; second, a belief that juries could not be depended upon to administer justice and protect the lives of the citizens; third, the existence of a secret society, which was ready to use both money and murder to accomplish its objects, even to the point of perverting the administration of the law. It is my purpose to deal only with the last phase of this question. I believe that, whatever the proximate causes of the shocking event at New Orleans may have been, the underlying cause, and the one with which alone the people of the United States can deal, is to be found in the utter carelessness with which we treat immigration to this country.—[Hon. Henry Cabot Lodge, in North American Review for May.

NEW ENGLAND WEATHER AND CROPS.

The temperature for New England for the week ending April 24, 1891, has been generally above the normal. It was very warm during the first of the week, the temperature ranging from 60 to 80 degrees. On the morning of the 21st it fell to about 40 degrees in the south and to 30 degrees in the north.

The precipitation was nearly everywhere below the average. At Orford, N. H., there has been no rain for three weeks, and in that and other sections rain will be needed soon. A heavy thundershower occurred in the South on the evening of the 18th. Another is reported in Connecticut on the 22d. No damage has been reported from either storm.

The small amount of precipitation, high temperature, and excess of sunshine during the first part of the week just passed and the last part of the week previous has made a wonderful change in the appearance of vegetation in New England, and has given a great impetus to farm work. The correspondent at Orford, N. H., reports the season later than the average, but from all other sections it is from a week to ten days ahead. In the north the trees are putting out well and grass is coming forward fast. The frost is getting out of the ground, except in the most northern sections, and it is settling fast. Some plowing has been done in the more favored localities and a few oats sown, but beyond that little has been done on the land. Winter grain is generally looking well. The maple sugar season is practically over and fully an average amount is reported, and of extra quality.

In Massachusetts some lands are still quite wet and little has been done on them, but on high lands much plowing has been done, grain sown and garden truck and early potatoes planted. Winter rye and wheat are looking well and in some sections are much ahead of the average. Fruit appears about to blossom well, though there is much danger that the warm weather has developed the buds too fast and that they will be injured by cool weather.

In Rhode Island and Connecticut farm work is being rapidly pushed and in southern Connecticut most early crops are in—from seven to ten days earlier than usual. In central Connecticut asparagus is ready for market, much planting is done and stock has been turned out to pasture. What the outlook for the farmer for the coming season in New England is very good.

PROFESSOR W. M. DAVIS, Director.
J. W. SMITH, Signal Corps, Assistant.
Cambridge, Mass., April 25, 1891.

MUSHROOMS, AS POISONS AND AS FOODS.

Poisoning by mushrooms is generally caused by the disregard of very simple points of observation. In the first place, no one should undertake to gather these excellent foods without being fully informed as to their shape, color, odor and taste. There are many books giving all these in detail. Here it need only be said that any mushroom which looks clean and fresh, is not worm-eaten, has pink gills under a buff-colored cap, that turns dark when bruised or matured, has a nutty taste and pleasant odor, may be presumed to be good. Mushroom gatherers avoid fungi growing from what is called a vulva or hollow cup at the base of the stem. The writer's test, after noting the above characteristics, is to taste a small portion of the cap without swallowing it. If the flavor is sweet and nutty, and does not sting or burn the throat, the specimen, even if unknown, is placed among the candidates for cooking. Some salt is always carried, and a little is held in the mouth for a moment; still a little more is swallowed, care being taken not to swallow a particle of the mushroom. When the mushrooms are gathered, they should all be carefully washed in water containing salt and vinegar, and then cooked with salt. These precautions usually insure safety. In fact when poisoning by any kind of fungi has occurred, some carelessness of choice or preparation has been noted. Old-fashioned cooks usually relied upon using a silver spoon in cooking suspicious fungi; but the test has not been proven infallible. In case of actual poisoning use the same treatment as for narcotics, *i. e.*, emetics, stimulating restoratives, and the earliest possible attention of a competent physician. It may be said in passing that mushrooms are far more important as an article of food than is generally understood. They rank next to meat in savor and nutriment, having largely replaced it in the South during our Civil War.—[Harper's Bazar

HUSTLING FOR NEWS.

A great many people think a newspaper should have about a page of local news whether anything happens or not. Deluded mortals! Local editors cannot make people break their necks, commit suicide or do any of the other exciting things that go to make up the material out of which the local reporter delights to weave paragraphs. Furnishing domestic news where there is none is very much like extracting blood from a turnip. It is no more than fair that those who grumble at the lack of local news in their paper should stop and think whether they could not give the editor an item or two worth printing, and, if so, let them hold their peace or growl at their own remissness.

A SILK DRESS

Contains material requiring about two pounds of raw silk, the production of 7,000 or 8,000 silkworms, allowing for death and disease and other casualties; hence its expensiveness. But the G. O Taylor Old Bourbon and G. O. Taylor Pure Rye Whiskeys are as "fine as silk," and yet inexpensive. A little goes a good ways. They stand at the head of the list, and are unexcelled in quality by any whiskeys in the world. Druggists and Grocers sell them. Our firm name is on the label and over the cork. CHESTER H. GRAVES & SON, Sole Proprietors, Boston.

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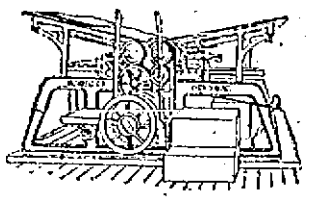
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Newport Daily News

MONDAY, APRIL 27, 1891.

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HARRISON AND BLAINE.

The report so widely circulated, and so universally credited, that the recent convention of Republican leagues was enthusiastic for Blaine is now denied, by some of the officers, who claim to know what they are talking about. It is evident that the story nettled the friends of President Harrison and that they have set out to counteract its influence. If so, they will find a difficult task on their hands. That the Republican workers, such as composed that convention, are enthusiastic for Blaine as the standard-bearer for 1892 is so apparent as to admit of no reasonable doubt. If the nomination is made by that class, Blaine will be the man beyond a doubt. But the friends of the President, and they are also many and powerful, will not allow General Harrison to be easily pushed aside; and between the two a third man, like Alger, is very likely to slip in and take the oyster, giving each of the prime contestants a half shell. Such straws as the affirmations and denials concerning the prevailing feeling at the League meeting show that both sides are in earnest, and neither feels it safe to allow the other any advantage. But it is too early to forecast the situation with any degree of certainty. Mr. Blaine's chances would be much better had not his name been mentioned up to this time, or were it not before January next. The organization of an early and vigorous campaign in behalf of any candidate is not an unmixed blessing, inasmuch as it is sure to lead to counter movements and equal vigor on the other side. Neither is it of great advantage to show that one candidate is far ahead of all others, even though it be true, because with such a condition of things are sure to come combinations and plots of a dangerous character. The experience of Clay, Webster and Cass is suggestive of what may happen to Blaine. He already knows something of that kind of political warfare, for he has more than once gone into the national convention with a larger and warmer support than that of any of his rivals, and yet by jealousies and combinations, not to say deals, has been defeated. We should say that today Mr. Blaine distances all competitors, but how it will turn out at the critical moment no man can safely predict.

AN AWFUL CRIME.

The poisoning of Mrs. J. B. Barnaby by drinking from a flask anonymously sent her, labelled "whiskey," but containing arsenic, is one of the sensations of the hour. The package was sent from Boston by mail, the flask being marked with this inscription:—"With best wishes accept this fine old whiskey from your friends in the woods." Mrs. Barnaby was in California at the time, and on her return to Denver, where she had been residing for her health, she partook of the liquid and was dead in an hour. Her friend, Mrs. Worrell, also partook of the liquid and was seriously affected, but it is thought she will recover. No one appears to be able to suggest the name of the perpetrator of this awful crime, and, considering the time that has elapsed, the detectives are likely to have a difficult work on their hands. Mention is made of the fact that Mrs. Barnaby contested the will of her husband, who practically cut her off from the emoluments of the large estate, in the interest of the daughters who were not on good terms with their mother, but it can scarcely be accepted as among the possibilities that this should have anything to do with so dastardly an act. Thus far no one can suggest a reason for the poisoning, but it is hoped the slayers will be successfully sought out and brought to punishment.

OPEN STREET CARS.

Great complaint has been made in several cities over the use of open street cars in advance of the proper season, and it appears to be established that in some cities sickness and death have been caused thereby. Even though this is the case the responsibility does not rest altogether on the railroad companies, for though they put the dangerous vehicles on the track, nobody is obliged to use them. But it is a just charge against the officials of such corporations that they present temptations to unsanitary indulgences which it is hard to resist. Besides, the people are entitled to cars which are both comfortable and safe, and it is certainly for the interest of all concerned that no needless risks be incurred. In the city of Brooklyn the matter of open street cars has been made the occasion of municipal action, and an ordinance has been adopted prohibiting them previous to May 15, except on occasions when the temperature is as high as 70°. This is all very well, and it may be taken for granted, in view of the protests of physicians and boards of health, that in other cities an equally wise system will prevail without waiting for municipal or legislative interference. In these days of La Grippe and pneumonia people cannot be too careful, and the danger is not over simply because the sun shines brightly a portion or even the whole of the day.

It is a pity that all the dirty work could not be done at home. Here is Father Ignatius neglecting his community, and letting them drift out of the church, while he takes Bishop Potter's cares upon him. And here is little Rhode Island doing the divorcing for big New York. Some two years since, a well-known New York physician created surprise by taking rooms in Providence. Why so busy a man should hire rooms in a provincial town was unknown, and, as he did not make himself very evident, it was finally concluded to be some man of similar name. But the purpose is now revealed. The doctor's domestic relations have not suited him. Not many years ago New York was shocked to hear that his young wife had killed herself and her three little children. This left the doctor free to marry again, which he did within a few months. Now he seeks a divorce from the second wife on the grounds of desertion and cruelty. This granted by our complaisant state, the doctor is free to marry a third time, as he would not be if he secured his divorce, for the same causes, at home. This second wife, from whom the doctor seeks a divorce, on the ground of cruelty and desertion, is the woman supposed to have driven the first wife to the murder of her children, and suicide.

Washington despatches say that there is a perfect understanding between President Harrison and Secretary Blaine concerning the nomination for President next year; that Mr. Blaine is heartily for Harrison's renomination, and has definitely and irrevocably abandoned all Presidential aspirations of his own. It is further stated that, leaving all other candidates out of the question, Mr. Blaine recognizes fully the critical condition of his health and how impossible it would be for him to undergo the fatigue and harassments of a Presidential campaign. The Secretary is said to be very much chagrined at the Foraker incident at the recent Republican League meeting at Cincinnati.

The American flouring interests will receive the greatest benefits from the reciprocity treaty between the United States and Cuba. Experts say that this country ought to be able to sell Cuba at least $500,000 worth annually, which Cuba now buys of Spain. The Spanish colonies in the West Indies will be greatly relieved from their present burdens under this new treaty, as the Cubans now pay $12 per barrel for Spanish flour. It is estimated that under this new treaty they can secure a reduction of certainly $3, and possibly $6, on a barrel. The United States will gain largely by the sale of wheat, flour, petroleum, lard, beans, manufactured products and machinery, which are now drawn from Spain by compulsion, and the less will fall of course upon the Spanish manufacturers.

United States Senator John H. Reagan of Texas has resigned to accept the chairmanship of the state railroad commission, and Governor Hogg has appointed Horace Chilton to the vacancy in the Senate. Nothing is known of the new Senator outside of the state, except that he nominated General Hogg for governor at the state convention in San Antonio last summer. The Texas legislature does not meet until 1893, when there will be an election of a United States Senator, who will fill out the unexpired term of Mr. Reagan to March 4, 1893.

The New Jersey legislature at its recent session passed a parole law providing for the release of prisoners from the penitentiary, on certain conditions, on a sort of ticket of leave. Among the number already paroled are two murderers. The reason is assigned for this experiment that the legislature was anxious to save the expense of erecting a new state prison. Legislatures do strange things sometimes, but this is one of the most remarkable on record.

Today ground was broken at Riverside Park for the Grant monument. Charles H. Freeman, department commander of the Grand Army of the Republic, turned the first sod. The spade used was of silver, and a superb piece of American workmanship, and bore an inscription containing the chief events of General Grant's life.

Representative Carroll of Pawtucket openly charges that there is too much boodle in use in connection with the attempt to pass the Addicks gas bill. Will Representative Ives now castigate him as mightily as he did the Daily News for having expressed a similar opinion?

Twelve hundred and eight deaths were reported in New York for the week ending Saturday noon, an average of over one hundred and seventy-two a day. Of these deaths only one hundred and thirty-six resulted from the grip.

Has the Italian government forgotten all about the New Orleans tragedy and the rumored international difficulties? It is over a week since Secretary Blaine's letter reached Rome, and nothing has been heard in reply.

The New Orleans grand jury has found two indictments against persons who are accused of having bribed the Hennessy jury. None have yet been reported against the men who wiped out the Mafia.

It will be seen by the telegraphic despatches that ocean steamer Jersey City had a hard time of it on her last trip.

The grip has reached Norway, and in Christiana there are three thousand persons afflicted with the disease, and the death rate has been increased ten per cent.

Secretary Blaine may not be able to twist the tail of the British lion, but he has succeeded admirably in doing that job for the Italian monkey.

General B. F. Butler pledges himself to follow up his charges against Judge Carpenter and, to guard against contingencies, to provide for the prosecution of this work in his will.

John L. Sullivan is looking for the man who threw a rotten orange at him and spoiled his best suit. But thus far the modest man keeps himself unknown to fame.

THE MASSACHUSETTS BAR ON THE LATE JUDGE PITMAN.

A meeting of the Suffolk Bar Association was held Saturday morning, in connection with the first session of the superior court, to take formal action upon the recent death of Hon. Robert C. Pitman, one of the justices of that court. Hon. Seth J. Thomas presided, and addresses were made by Mr. L. S. Dabney and Hon. Thomas Weston, reviewing the career and character of the deceased and presenting the following tribute for entry upon the records of the court:—

"Judge Pitman was at the time of his death the senior justice of the court in length of service. He was known to most of the members of the Suffolk bar chiefly as a judge, and to many of them only in his judicial capacity. At the time of his appointment he was one of the leading exponents of a principle of state legislation which had long divided the citizens of this commonwealth, and was in daily application in the courts. It might have been expected that he would not be able to overcome the almost inevitable bias arising from this source. It is to his great credit that in this delicate and difficult situation he at once showed his ability to act with entire impartiality.

"He further soon established a high and deserved reputation for judicial ability throughout the whole range of the varied duties of his office. His style of stating legal principles was distinguished for unusual ease and accuracy, and his language in addressing a jury was remarkable for placing before them the principles of law in language plain, simple and easily intelligible to all, and yet with entire thoroughness. His learning was extensive, but he never seemed to feel that he knew enough, and he continued always to be a thorough student of the law in its newest applications."

The bar meeting adopted the resolutions and adjourned, after which ten justices of the superior and supreme judicial court entered, and the resolutions were formally presented.

Chief Justice Mason received the resolutions and spoke at length of the life and services of the deceased judge, after which he directed that the resolutions be entered upon the record, and that, in further respect for the occasion, the court stand adjourned for the day. —[Boston Herald.

WHERE FORTUNES ARE WON AND LOST.

I never pass Wall street but I am filled with wonder that it should be such a narrow, insignificant street. One would think it would need more room for all that goes on there, and it is almost a surprise that there is no visible sign of the fortunes rising and falling and of the great manœuvres and attacks which emanate in that two hundred yards, and which are felt from Turkey to Oregon. But it seems just like any other street, except for the wires which almost roof it over, and that the men one meets in it are different in mien and manner from those one meets in upper Broadway; they wear a sharp, nervous look, and they stoop, as if they had grown so from bending so often and so intently over the momentous strips of paper tape. It is rather interesting to think that the man who brushed past you may have been but a few years back one of the uninformed boys who run with cable despatches to the floor of the Exchange, and that he may in a few weeks' time be looking for a clerkship in one of the banks which he did not succeed in breaking. The broad statue of Washington, with its shining knees and dusty coat, always seems to be in the most incongruous position here. Unless it is that he is guarding the sub-treasury behind him, and that his uplifted hand is meant to say to the bulls and bears—so far can you go, and no further. It is a most suggestive place, is Wall street, and one feels more easy when one gets out of it into Broadway again, where mobs of men have not swept up and down howling and with white faces, and where black Fridays make no visible sign. And after you get out of Wall street, it is worth while to step across into Trinity Church and note how far away the street seems, and how calmly grand the church is, with its high pillars meeting the great arches, and with the sun stealing through the gorgeous window at the west. It is almost like the cathedral of some sunny, sleepy English town, and you are not brought home again until another sight-seer like yourself opens the screen doors, and you can hear the shrill whistle of the car-driver just outside, and his ejaculations on the head of the gentleman on the box seat of the ice cart, who will not give him the track.—[R. H. Davis, in May Scribner.

KOSHERED MEAT.

Though the Hebrews, by contact with people of other beliefs and customs, have in many instances given up their old method of slaughtering, it is very prevalent among them. According to their belief, no one but a functionary of church appointment is allowed to kill any animal whose meat is to be used for consumption. This important personage is called "Shochet," and the manner of butchering is thus described:—

The doomed animal's head is drawn down to a ring in the floor, whereupon a rope is fastened to the left hind leg, which is hoisted up until the body falls over upon its side, thus compelling the animal to stand upon its fore feet, with its head resting upon the horns. The shochet, armed with a long knife, the blade of which is some two feet in length and as sharp as a razor, rubs his hand over the neck in order to find a soft place, and then deftly and quickly draws the deadly weapon across the animal's throat. He is only allowed to make one cut and two slashes. No one can touch the animal until it has bled to death. When life is extinct the carcass is laid upon its back to be dressed.

The next thing done by the shochet is to insert his arm inside of the carcass and ascertain whether the lungs are perfectly free from the ribs. If such is found to be the case, the lungs are drawn out, placed upon a table, and thoroughly tested, in order to ascertain their condition; for upon this depends the healthfulness of the meal. The test is accomplished by blowing up the lungs. If found to be air-tight, the shochet attaches his official seal to the meat, and no meat can be sold to Hebrew customers unless so branded. The seal contains the word Kosher printed in Hebrew characters.

The entire process is in accordance with the rules laid down in the Mosaic law. According to the strict orthodox law, a shochet is required to repeat a prayer before doing the killing. Calves and sheep, as well as beeves, are required to be killed in the manner described by the Mosaic law, and the poultry all killed by the shochet. The Jews are required to pick the poultry dry, instead of loosening the feathers with hot water, as Gentiles do.—[London Tit Bit.

NOTICES.

Natural History Society.

REGULAR MEETING at 8 o'clock, evening of Monday, April 27, in the museum, Touro street. Rev. George W. Cutter will read a paper entitled "**Geological and Other Notes on Egypt.**" The meeting is open free to all ladies and gentlemen interested in the subject. A full presence of members is requested by the council. A. O'D. TAYLOR, Secretary.

THE CITY OF NEWPORT.

Proposals for building New Fire Engine House.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the City Council Committee on Fire Department, at the City Clerk's Office, until Monday May 4, 1891, at 5 o'clock P. M., for building a new Fire Engine House at the corner of Thames Street & Sharon Court, according to plans and specifications to be seen at the City Clerk's office on and after Monday April 27, 1891.

The right to reject any or all proposals is reserved.

For the Committee on Fire Department,
E. W. HIGBEE, Chairman.
Newport, April 25, 1891.

Be Sure

If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other. A Boston lady, whose example is worthy imitation, tells her experience below:

"In one store where I went to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla the clerk tried to induce me buy their own instead of Hood's; he told me their's would last longer; that I might take it on ten

To Get

days' trial; that if I did not like it I need not pay anything, etc. But he could not prevail on me to change. I told him I had taken Hood's Sarsaparilla, knew what it was, was satisfied with it, and did not want any other. When I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I was feeling real miserable with dyspepsia, and so weak that at times I could hardly

Hood's

stand. I looked like a person in consumption. Hood's Sarsaparilla did me so much good that I wonder at myself sometimes, and my friends frequently speak of it." MRS. ELLA A. GOFF, 61 Terrace Street, Boston.

Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar



Vestments for the Clergy and all Fine Linens should be Laundered with

ELECTRIC LUSTRE STARCH.

The genuine is always in Blue Packages, 10c each. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. For sale by all grocers. The only starch which makes collars and cuffs look like new.

MRS. FRANCES CORSE, wife of General John M Corse, the hero of Allatoona, and ex-Postmaster of the City of Boston, says:—

"I have the Electric Lustre Starch used in my laundry, and it gives great satisfaction. It is excellent and labor-saving."

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The largest and best assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

Pocketbooks, Purses,

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Manicure and Toilet Cases, Collar and Cuff Boxes, Satchels, Traveling Bags, Trunks and everything to be found in a first-class establishment.

HENRY BIESEL & SONS,
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Lawn Mowers.

This is the time to see that your mowers are in repair, or to buy a new mower. The Standard Philadelphia and Pennsylvania are the best made. Buy the O. K. for a small place, at reduced prices; put out on trial,

GEO. A. WEAVER,

Nos. 18 & 23 BROADWAY.

IF YOU WANT A
GOOD STEEL TIRE
You will find it at
J. B. Hachelier's, Commercial Wharf.

YOU'D BETTER LOOK OUT!

IF YOU FEEL WEARY AND FEVERISH, WITH DULL PAINS IN THE LOINS AND OVER THE KIDNEYS, PAINS IN THE SMALL OF THE BACK, IF YOU HAVE SCANTY FLOW OF URINE, WHICH IS HIGHLY COLORED, SOMETIMES TINGED WITH BLOOD, DROPSY, PALLOR OF COUNTENANCE, HEART DISEASE, FLATULENCE OF STOMACH AND BOWELS, COSTIVENESS, YOUR KIDNEYS ARE NOTIFYING YOU TO ATTEND TO THEM. DO NOT NEGLECT THE WARNING. POISONOUS DRUGS WILL NOT SAVE YOU. USE NATURE'S REMEDY KICKAPOO INDIAN SAGWA, MADE FROM ROOTS AND HERBS.

KICKAPOO INDIAN SAGWA
For Sale at Druggists.

KICKAPOO INDIAN COUGH CURE!
THE GREAT INDIAN VEGETABLE REMEDY
FOR COUGHS, SORE THROAT, INFLUENZA, ETC.
Price 50c. per Bottle. 5 Bottles, $2.00.

Twenty-two
NEW SPRING STYLES IN
Chamber Furniture
Now on our floor.
We ask your inspection of the "Peerless" adjustable mirror attachment.

EDWARD P. MARSH,
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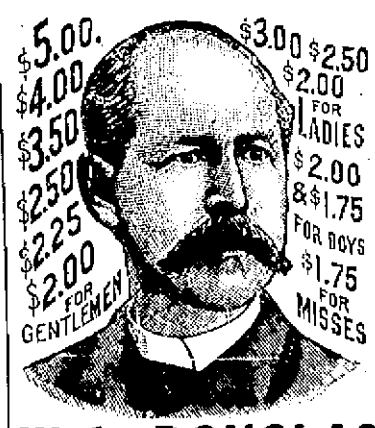
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Can be bought until you see what we are offering as special inducements or BARGAINS. Please remember that these are the latest productions of the best manufacturers in this country every one just made and not a short length roll or one containing arsenic in the entire lot.
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Either of our three stores show the same goods.

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Who desires to bring a particular article to the attention of a friend away will probably be able to do so by sending to his address a copy of the
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For the current week. The
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From the six issues of the Daily News is gathered together on Friday and put in convenient form in the Newport Journal, so that a reader away from the city gets an immense amount of local and general news, so arranged that any particular article may be found without difficulty. Single copies will be mailed to any address, or the paper will be sent regularly and the address changed as often as desired.
Address the publisher,
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Home-made bread and cake always on hand.
Brush Trays, Pitchers, Hairpin and Pin Trays, Bon Bon Trays, Cups and Saucers, Nut Dishes, etc.
Orders taken for all kinds of fine embroidery and sewing.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE and other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, etc., are warranted, and so stamped on bottom. Address W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by JOHN M. SWAN, 168 Thames Street.

WATER.
Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 5 West Marlboro' street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 1 P. M.

CLOTHING.



How little it costs to dress a boy handsomely if you put him into the right hands! There are three R's in his education, and there should be three S's in his attire—strong, serviceable and stylish. We dont forget that the boy of this generation is the man of the next, and we don't forget the parents, for we know who pays the bills. You will be astonished at our prices, and well you may be, for our regular lines are quoted at prices as low as, or lower than, the so-called "bargains" which are advertised elsewhere. You will find that our suits are all surprisingly good for the money.

We are showing an endless variety of
KILT SUITS, SCHOOL SUITS,
DRESS SUITS, FANCY SUITS,
SAILOR SUITS, JERSEY SUITS.

MOTHERS' FRIEND WAISTS.

Newport One Price Clothing Co
SECOND FLOOR.

JOHN O'CONNOR,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
333 Thames Street,
Branch of 921 6th Avenue, New York, is showing an elegant line of
Foreign and Domestic Woolens
For men's wear. Prices moderate. Pantaloons a specialty.

SCOTCH SUITINGS
OF ALL KINDS,
FOR SALE BY
Otto,
244 Thames Street.

NEW GOODS.

Brown and black stiff and soft hats, from 50c. to $3.50.

Elegant line of Neckwear in Teck and Four-in-hand, 25c. and 50c.

Soft Cheviot and Flannel Shirts, 14 1-2 to 18, at 50c., 75c., $1 and $1.50.

Choice patterns in Trousers for men and youths, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50 to $7.

Seasonable underwear at all prices, 50c. to $2.

Custom Department.
Doing a good business in this department—making suits to order from large line of samples from $15 to $35, and Trousers from $5 to $10.

Laundry Work.
GOOD WORK. PROMPT SERVICE.

Martin E. Bennett,
Next Caswell, Massey & Co.

SPRING SUITS.

We are now opening the most desirable line of spring and summer woolens we have yet shown, and invite inspection of same.

We take particular interest in showing a lot of Scotch tweeds and cashmeres which we have imported direct and which make very stylish suits.

As usual our prices are moderate and we guarantee good work and a perfect fit.

McLennan Bros.

NEW Spring Woolens.

HENRY D. SPOONER,
200 THAMES STREET.

BLUEFISH,
Shad, Striped Bass, Blackfish, Scup, Butterfish, Halibut, Flounders, Codfish and Fresh Herring,
—AT—
WILLIAMSON'S FISH MARKET,
206 & 208 Thames Street.

ODD FELLOWSHIP.

Its Seventy-second Anniversary Observed.

A Sermon by Rev. George W. Hunt—The Founder of the Order.

The seventy-second anniversary of the introduction of Odd Fellowship in this country was observed last night by Rhode Island Lodge, No. 12, I. O. of O. F., of this city, who accepted an invitation to attend services at the Thames-street Methodist Episcopal Church. The members of the lodge, under the head of the noble grand, Mr. Archibald B. Sayer, marched to the church in a body and occupied seats which had been reserved for them.

The pastor, Rev. George W. Hunt, delivered a strikingly appropriate sermon from the text "Who is my Neighbor?" the story being founded on the good Samaritan and the Jew, who, while bleeding and wounded on the roadside, was neglected by all save the Samaritan. The speaker defined the meaning of the word neighbor as applied to mankind from a beneficial point of view, and quoted quite extensively from St. Luke, who wrote the gospel in which appears the story. The organization represented at the church upon this occasion, the speaker said, was kindred to the church. To be sure there were prejudices on both sides; some church people objected to secret organizations and some members of these societies objected to the church. These feelings should not exist in either case; the work of the church was spiritual, while the work of the Odd Fellows was benevolent. Therefore, there should be no antagonism, and both could work together for the benefit of mankind, but all should have the love of God in their hearts, and thus combine all the qualities possessed by the Samaritan. The speaker referred to the great work of benevolence which had been done by the Odd Fellows, 500,000 strong in America at the present time. It was necessary that there should be a systematic arrangement for charity, and there was in this world great need of humanity and benevolence, and the speaker drew a picture of poverty which, too often, existed after the head of the family had been removed by death, and in this connection he brought out the great work which was done towards ameliorating the sufferings of many of the Odd Fellows. Much depended upon the spirit in which aid was given, and all should feel that it was more blessed to give than to receive. The speaker, held the attention of his hearers, and all present were gratified and deeply interested throughout.

Thomas Wildey, the founder of Odd Fellowship, was born in London, January 15, 1782. He founded the American order in the city of Baltimore, in a building known as "The Seven Stars," on Second street, April 26, 1819. It was called Washington Lodge, No. 1, and for nearly three years this body was the sole exponent and custodian of the rites and mysteries of Odd Fellowship. It was, under its English charter granted by the Duke of Yorks Lodge, both a subordinate and grand body, over which its institutor presided as noble grand for several consecutive terms. When Washington Lodge surrendered its charter into the hands of the past grands, who had emanated from it, who were recognized as the grand lodge of Maryland and the United States, other charters were granted, and the next lodge was instituted September 5, 1821, known as Franklin. Thomas Wildey became the first grand master and first grand sire of the order in this country, and instituted lodges in various states, at one time visiting Rhode Island in the same interest. After a long life of usefulness in building up one of the most magnificent charities the world has ever known, he died in Baltimore, October 19, 1861, in his eightieth year.

And now in connection with the celebration of this grand anniversary, it would be well not to forget the father of Odd Fellowship in Rhode Island, James Wood, who, from the time when he began his labors in the interest of the order in 1829, until his death in 1867, could not labor too zealously in the order's behalf. At the time when Grand Sire Thomas Wildey visited Providence, June 20, 1829, for the purpose of instituting Friendly Union Lodge, No. 1, James Wood delivered the address, which is said to have been very eloquent. He was the first man in this state to hold the office of grand master, and was grand representative to the grand lodge of the United States for many years. He died January 17, 1867, aged sixty-five years. His name stands with those of Wildey and Ridgely, and why not, as has been suggested, perpetuate his memory by erecting a creditable monument over his grave, which is now a mound of sod and grass, marked by a stone which is anything but a credit to the order for which he gave the best part of his life?

PASSION PLAY.

The announcement that Father Coyle was to lecture on the Passion Play, which was to be illustrated by Professor Turner of Boston, was sufficient to draw to the Opera House last night an audience that filled every seat and took up every available portion of the standing room of the house. Though the concourse was a very large one it is safe to say that everyone was satisfied with both the lecture and the pictures. The views were all from photographs of the various actors and tableaux of the Passion Play, taken at Oberammergau, and shown through the stereoptieon with a fidelity to the actual that almost made one feel he was looking at the real things instead of their photographic representations. The fact that the lecture had to fit into and explain the various pictures made it more of a descriptive than an oratorical one, and the further fact that Father Coyle has for several weeks been unable to speak much above a whisper would ordinarily have made the address less interesting than many of his previous efforts. The inspiration of the subject and the lecturer's interest in it more than counterbalanced these, and few who heard him had any idea of the efforts required of the speaker to make his voice heard.

After a preliminary sketch of the village of Oberammergau, situate in the Bavarian Alps, and of its inhabitants, together with the origin of the Passion Play, the lecturer proceeded to give his hearers a graphic view of what actually took place on the country stage during the eight hours of the play. Portraits of the various leading actors were shown, and brief biographical sketches given of them. The salient situations and much of the byplay, that went to make the play the greatest exponent of the sufferings of Christ ever conceived by man, were given, being well illustrated by the views of Professor Turner, which showed the principal tableaux just as they appeared to the spectators. That appreciation of the true spirit of the passion which all who have seen the play admit runs through it, taking it entirely out of the lines of theatricals and placing it on a unique pedestal of its own, was to a large extent felt by the audience last night, for as the way of the cross, the last meeting between Christ and his mother and the crucifixion were shown the audience felt the spell of the scenes, and appreciated the great sacrifice there shown, as many, perhaps, never had before. Following the lecture proper Professor Turner showed a number of very excellent miscellaneous views of statuary and religious scenes, the lecture closing about 10 o'clock.

The audience was not only large but representative of nearly every class of citizens, and showed, as before stated, a true appreciation of the great scenes of which the lecture so ably treated.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

Rev. G. W. Cutter speaks tonight before the Natural History Society, on the geological formation of portions of Egypt, particularly the valley of the Nile. The pyramids and other striking monuments to be found in that land of mystery and ancient civilization are likely to be referred to. The lecture is open free to all interested.

"The Stage Struck Yankee," which was played by the S. S. Company in St. George's guild room a few weeks since, will be repeated at the boys' clubroom on Rhode Island avenue Wednesday and Thursday evenings of this week.

The Home Missionary Society of the First Methodist Episcopal Church gives an entertainment in the vestry on Thursday evening next. It is to be an evening with Mrs. Helen Hunt Jackson, "H. H.," and Susan Coolidge, and promises to be a very interesting occasion.

The Amateur Players, who recently gave the successful entertainment at Masonic Hall in behalf of the woman's ward at the Newport Hospital, will repeat the farce "A Box of Monkeys" at the Trinity Church guild room on Thursday evening.

After a rest of more than two weeks the Opera House will open for a theatrical performance on Thursday night, when Mr. J. C. Stewart will re-appear in the "Fat Men's Club," in which he made an excellent impression when he played here last season, on January 25, 1890. The piece is now said to be funnier than ever. On Friday night William Redmund and Mrs. Thomas Barry appear in the old-time comedy "A Cure for the Blues," which was last presented here by this company in November, 1886.

On Friday evening Prompter William A. Deplitch will have his annual benefit social at Odd Fellows' Hall. It has been usual in this city to usher in the month of May with a ball or social of some kind, and this year Mr. Deplitch has the date all to himself.

The Newport Light Infantry are making good progress with their sale of tickets for their second annual athletic exhibition, which occurs on May 8 and will take place in the Opera House, where all who attend will have an opportunity of witnessing an excellent exhibition.

The Robert Emmet Association will give its tenth annual social at Odd Fellows' Hall on Election eve, Monday, May 25.

The children of St. Joseph's parochial school will have their second annual commencement exercises at the Opera House on Wednesday evening, June 3. The success of the exercises held last year makes it certain that this year's will be worth seeing.

GENERAL NOTES.

George Riddle announces a series of readings at Brattle Hall, Cambridge, on the evenings of April 29, May 5 and May 8. The last of these will be Mr. Riddle's thousandth reading in public.

Agnes Huntington plays a week's return engagement at the Hollis Street Theatre, Boston, beginning tonight in Paul Jones, and will then go to Europe. There will be Wednesday and Saturday matinées.

A banjo orchestral concert will be given in Tremont Temple, Boston, on Friday evening. There are to be sixty-five musicians, under the direction of Mr. Gad Robinson. Miss Rachel Noah, formerly of the Boston Theatre, and the Boston Scandinavian chorus, will assist.

Mrs. Annie Besant's lectures will begin this evening in Tremont Temple, Boston, when the subject will be "The Message of Theosophy to the Western World;" tomorrow she will speak on "Dangers Menacing Society," and on Wednesday evening on "Labor Movements in the Old World."

Two thousand people attended the recent Patti concert in Dresden, five hundred of whom were members of the Anglo-American colony, and their enthusiastic plaudits induced the singer to double her program. She sang several English songs. The sum of $3,500 was taken at the doors, an amount hitherto unprecedented in Dresden.

Mr. E. H. Sothern opens this evening a three days' engagement at the Providence Opera House in an elaborate representation of "The Maister of Woodbarrow." The comedy will be presented three evenings and on Wednesday afternoon. On Thursday evening the Talma Club will present "She Stoops to Conquer," and on Friday and Saturday evenings and Saturday afternoon the Brown University minstrels will occupy the boards. At the Gaiety Theatre James H. Wallick this evening begins a week's engagement, presenting "The Cattle King" the first part of the week and "The Mountain King" the last three nights.

A dinner is to be given in Boston on Wednesday evening by the New England Woman's Press Association in honor of the twenty-first anniversary in active daily journalistic work of Mrs. Sallie Joy White. Many distinguished guests will be present. Among the latter will be Mrs. Edward Roboy of Chicago, Mrs. Jennie C. Croley, Mrs. Ella Dietz Clymer, Mrs. William Tod Helmuth and Mrs. Mary Newton, all of New York; Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, Mrs. Lucy Stone, Mrs. Louise Chandler Moulton and others, of Boston. Poems are expected from Mrs. Mary E. Blake, Mrs. Whiton-Stone, Miss Conway and James Jeffrey Roche. Mrs. Fanny Kellogg Bachert will sing, and the Fadette orchestra will furnish music for the reception.

The twelfth annual tour of Augustin Daly's company will begin April 13 at the National Theatre, Washington. This will be followed April 20 with a week at Albaugh's Lyceum, Baltimore; April 27, a week at the Brooklyn Academy of Music; May 4, two weeks at the Chestnut Street Opera House, Philadelphia; May 18, three weeks at the Hollis Street Theatre, Boston, and June 8, three weeks at Hooley's Theatre, Chicago. During this tour "The Last Word," "School for Scandal" "A Night Off" and "Love's Labor Lost" will be presented. At the conclusion the company will enjoy a vacation of about six weeks, and on August 18 Mr. Daly's comedians will sail for Hamburg on steamship Fuerst Bismarck, to begin in Berlin their European tour, which will cover a period of twelve weeks, so that the next regular season at the home theatre will not open until about the 20th of November.

AN ERROR CORRECTED.

The Epoch of April 24 has an article on newspaper errors. The New York papers were carefully read, recently, for three days, and all mistakes of fact and proper names marked. Only three dailies stood the test. The Epoch says that most of the errors were "absolutely inexcusable." Of the examples given the majority are insignificant mistakes, as an initial wrong or an extra letter in a name. There are few misleading statements. After this exposé of the dailies, the Epoch proceeds to make a statement of its own that may be called a first-class error. It says that a statue to be erected to Mrs. Emma Willard of the Troy Female Seminary, "will be the first ever reared in the United States in honor of a woman." All honor to women if this were true. Collectively she would deserve a monument for her unselfish aid in erecting so many memorials in bronze and marble to her brethren. But we certainly have one monument to a woman. It stands in New Orleans, and is erected in honor of Margaret, the friend and mother of homeless and helpless childhood. The story of the life and work of this good woman has been too often given to need repetition here. For the description of her statue we quote Mrs. C. V. Jamison:—

In the center of that square, on a green mound bordered with flowers, stands a marble pedestal, and on that pedestal is a statue; it is the figure of a woman seated, and holding a little orphan to her heart. The woman has a plain face, the thin hair is drawn back austerely from the broad forehead, the eyes are deep set, the features coarse, the mouth is wide. She is no high-born dame of delicate mold, but a woman of the people; her hands, caressing the orphan at her side, are large and rough with honest toil; but the face, and the whole figure, is beautiful with purity and goodness. It is Margaret, the orphans' friend, who, though a destitute orphan herself, by her own worth and industry earned the wealth to found homes and asylums, to feed and clothe the indigent, to save the wretched and forsaken, and to merit the title of Mother to the Motherless.

And there sits her marble image through summer's heat and winter's cold, serene and gentle; under the shadow of the home she founded. It is a monument of honest, simple virtue and charity, as well as an enduring testimony to the nobility of the women who erected this statue in respectful recognition of true greatness, under the homely guise of honest toil.

HARBOR NOTES.

Mr. L. L. Lorillard's naphtha launch Lief, Captain Shea, has come out of her winter quarters at Bliven's.

Yesterday a party from Wickford came down the bay on a fishing trip in the jib-and-mainsail cat Harvest. When off Beavertail the mast was carried away close to the deck in a short squall, and the boat was brought into Old Mill wharf by Mr. Homan's naphtha launch, which was outside trying her machinery.

Mr. Weld's schooner yacht Wanderer passed down the bay yesterday, on her way from Bristol to New York.

Schooner F. R. Baird, loaded with oyster shells for the Newport Gas Company, and ashore near William's wharf for the past week, was hauled off at high tide Saturday by tug Aquidneck.

Barge Independence, said to be the largest barge in the country, attracted considerable attention in the outer harbor yesterday.

Mr. Max Agassiz's cutter Zigeuner is to cruise to the westward.

Dredger Rhode Island of the engineer department, which has been refitting at Kinsley's wharf, has been towed to Mystic, Conn., by tug Sargon.

Walter E. Loring of tug General Monroe is on a vacation in New York, his place being supplied by Mr. Walker of the Torpedo Station.

NAVAL NOTES.

Lieutenant J. H. Hetherington has been ordered to the Marion May 5.

Carpenter J. L. Davis is ordered to appear before the retiring board.

Lieutenant (junior grade) S. E. Wordworth has resigned, to take effect May 15, 1892.

Chief Engineer J. L. D. Borthwick has been ordered as member of the experimental board, navy yard, New York, May 1.

Assistant Engineer M. A. Anderson is detached from duty in the bureau of steam engineering, May 1, and ordered to duty at the navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H.

Naval Cadets Philip Williams, Julius Prochazka, J. B. Patton and W. D. McDougall have been detached from the Baltimore and ordered to examination for final graduation May 14.

As the result of target practice on board United States steamer Yorktown the following names of the prize winners in the great gun practice have been given out:—The squadron prize of $5 is awarded to H. A. Shepley, seaman apprentice, first class, for making the best "final merit" for two shots; the squadron prize of $1 is given to each member of Shepley's gun, Yorktown, for the best "final merit" of four shots. Of the prizes offered for the best "final merits" in individual ships, on board the Chicago with ten guns in competition, $5 goes to A. Frederickson, coxswain; on board the Boston, with six guns competing, J. Ross, captain of the forecastle, gets $3; on board the Atlanta, six guns, $3 go to W. Stolzenbaler, captain of top; the prize of $1.50 on board the Yorktown, with three guns in competition, goes to H. A. Shepley, seaman apprentice, first class; on board the Dolphin, with one gun, M. Mullaly, seaman gunner, gets fifty cents. The "final merit" ranges the ships of the squadron of evolution in the following order of marksmanship:—1, the Yorktown; 2, the Atlanta; 3, the Boston; 4, the Dolphin; 5, the Chicago. The firing altogether is reported as having been excellent. The result is noteworthy as a feather in the cap of the training system, since the chief prize has been captured by an apprentice—a fact that strengthens a belief that in our young American sailors we have the proper material for reproducing in the future the splendid gunners of the past.

LOCAL NOTES.

—Pilot boat Jesse Carl, No. 10, is in the harbor.

—Mr. A. Sidney Warren is visiting his mother, Mrs. General Warren.

—Colonel N. Van Slyck of Providence was in town today on business.

—The board of aldermen has a special meeting on Wednesday evening to complete the jury lists for the coming year.

—President Young of the common council, whose recovery was at one time despaired of, has so much improved as to be now practically out of danger.

—Yesterday afternoon there was quite a large gathering at the Newport Hospital for the usual Sunday singing. Miss Jennie Hoyle accompanied the hymns with the violin. There are over forty patients at the hospital, and the afternoon proved a very pleasant one for the inmates.

—A short time since Mr. Charles Peckham, one of the oldest residents of Middletown, passed away. For many years he had driven a horse in one of the old-fashioned farming wagons about town, and since his death the animal has been driven by one of the farm hands, until this morning, when it dropped dead on Red Cross avenue.

—The tulips on Washington square, within the Perry monument enclosure, are beginning to bloom. The red flowers are already out; the yellows are just opening, and the variegated are beginning to show color. The magnolia trees on the Calvert, Griswold and Walcott Gibbs places are in full bloom.

—About five hundred barrels of oil were saved from the wreck yesterday, making upwards of twenty-five hundred all told, already secured. During the day many pedestrians and owners of horses visited Castle Hill to look at the stranded ship, and not a few eatboats went out and around it, the weather being very pleasant, the wind being favorable and the sea nearly as smooth as a mill pond.

—In the supreme court in Providence Saturday, before Chief Justice Matteson and Associate Justices Stiness and Tillinghast, a hearing was given in the case of George H. Kelley and others vs. Thomas A. Nichols and others on a motion of the complainants to file a decree in accordance with the decision rendered in the case at the last term of this court. Charles E. Gorman appeared for the complainants, and Arnold Green and Thomas C. Greene for the respondents.

—Captain G. W. Conley of steamer G. W. Danielson was taken with a severe attack of the grip while on his steamer at Providence last week. Word was sent to Captain Dodge of steamer Ocean View, which is supplying the Danielson's place, and he at once proceeded to Providence, took Captain Conley to his home at the island, and returned to Newport in time to make the regular mail trip from this city. Today Captain Conley is reported somewhat better, but still not out of danger.

—In the probate court this morning letters of administration on the estate of Andrew T. Wood; were granted to Thomas W. Wood on the estate of Charles Cower, or Cowre, to Bridget Cowre; on the estate of William H. Davis, to Frank F. Nolan, and on the estate in Rhode Island of Benjamin P. Southwick to James M. K. Southwick. The will of Henry S. Hoyt was proved. It leaves the cottage on Beach street, with all its contents, to his widow, Frances M. Hoyt. The will of Cornelius Twomey was proved and Anthony S. Sherman appointed executor. The following business was received and notices ordered thereon:—Administrator's final account on estate of Annie E. Tilley; petition for probate of will of Emeline Brown; for administration on the estates of Richard Murtagh and Arnold L. Burdick, and commissioner's report on the estate of Job T. Langley.

JAMESTOWN.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Wilcox of Philadelphia have conveyed to Rt. Rev. Mathew Harkins, Roman Catholic bishop of Providence, R. I., and his successors in office forever, a lot of land lying upon the east side of Clinton avenue containing about 9,000 square feet of land. This lot is given by Mr. and Mrs. Wilcox for a site upon which to build a Catholic church, although there is one condition in the deed, which is that no part of the lot shall be used as a burial place. For several years past the need of a suitable place for Catholic services in the summer has been seriously felt, as among our visitors are many of that religious faith. In July, 1889, through the instrumentality of Mrs. A. M. Thackara, daughter of General Sherman, and Miss Eustace, sister of Archbishop Eustace of St. Louis, permission was obtained to hold services in one of the vacant stories in The Hawarden, Father Grace agreeing to supply a priest to conduct mass each Sunday. The services were largely attended, the room being full to overflowing and many having to stand upon the piazza throughout the services. The same place was used for the services last season, but it is now hoped that a temporary chapel may be put up upon the new lot in time for the coming season, and that at a not late date there will be built a substantial church edifice. The location of the lot is very pleasant, being upon the hill upon the east slope. Fathers Tully and Looby were here last week and viewed the premises.

Rev. Seelye Bryant of Worcester will be married on May 12 to Miss Margaret Ferguson MacLean of Lancaster, Mass. Mr. Bryant has been located as pastor at Lancaster about a year. The service will take place at the Congregational Church at Lancaster. Mr. and Mrs. Bryant will be at home after June first. Rev. Mr. Bryant is son of Rev. Albert Bryant of Worcester, Mass., who with his family has spent several seasons at this place.

Mrs. Crowley, a trained nurse of twenty-five years' experience, arrived Saturday, sent by Mrs. John F. Carr of New York, to take charge of the Craven family. Mrs. Crowley is a graduate of the London Hospital, London, England.

The Steam Ferry Company will change the time table May 4, when the boat will make four round trips in the forenoon, instead of three, as at present.

Major H. C. Potter of Philadelphia is in town today looking after certain improvements about his summer place. Mr. Potter's family expect to arrive at their cottage about June 10.

Mr. T. A. H. Tefft, who has been quite ill, is reported much better today.

Mr. Charles T. Cottrell returns to Haverford College tonight.

Mrs. Ida W. Knowles of Narragansett, who is building a fine cottage on Canonicus avenue, is visiting friends here.

Miss Hannah Anthony has returned from a visit to friends in Westerly.

THE NEW ENGINE HOUSE.

The plans and specifications for the new engine house for No. 6 Engine Company, prepared by Mr. J. D. Johnston, are now at the City Hall for the inspection of contractors wishing to bid thereon. They call for a building 33 feet front on Thames street by 55 deep, and two stories high. On the front corner next to Sharon court is an octagonal tower, about 13 feet in diameter, rising to a height, to the top of the finial, of about 66 feet. On the other front corner a small, round tower projects from the second story, giving the front a very artistic appearance. The Sharon court side also presents a handsome appearance, and the building inside is intended to fully meet the wants of the company, the lower floor having ample space for the stalls, workshop and engine room. On the second floor are a large hall, bathroom, two other rooms and a hay loft. The walls are to be of brick, with window sills, water table and copings of Indiana limestone, the sills and arch for the double door of granite. The interior will be wainscoted, the woodwork finished in oil and the walls painted, and the specifications call for a complete building in every way, one that, apparently, will require no additional expenditure to make it a good engine house, and, at the same time, an ornament to the city.

SENATOR PLUMB BELIEVES IN LOCAL NEWSPAPERS.

Senator Plumb of Kansas subscribes for every paper published in that state. He also takes all the leading New York papers, several from Chicago, one from Philadelphia and other large cities. In speaking of newspapers the Senator says:—"I believe in the local newspapers. They are the leaders, the makers of public sentiment. They are nearer to the people than any other papers. Their editors mingle with the people, and consciously or unconsciously reflect the views of their readers.

"By my private letters from all parts of the state, and by reading the local papers, I can tell just what the people of Kansas are thinking and talking about. I can feel the pulse of the people and take their temperature. I am amazed, too, at the excellence of our county papers. The majority of them are carefully and ably edited. They not only print the news of their neighborhood, but have opinions which I find it worth my while to read and reflect upon. I get no better return for any of the money which I spend than for that which I pay out for the local newspapers of my state."

EVERYBODY INTERESTED IN IT.

No paper can be published without home patronage, and every man is interested in keeping up a home paper. If a railroad or factory is wanted, the newspaper is expected to work for it. If a public meeting is wanted for any purpose, the newspaper is called upon for a free notice. If any of the societies have a supper or reception of any kind, the newspaper is expected to give the necessary notice. The newspaper must puff the schools and everything else to advance the interests of the business men of the place, and then give them a handsome notice when they pass away. And yet some of them do nothing to keep up a home paper.—[Gladstone (Mich.) Express.

For additional Local News see eighth page.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, April 27, Wall street.—Opening Prices:—Alton, 120½; Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, 92; Lackawanna, 138½; Erie, 22½; Erie preferred, 55; Lake Shore, 112½; Missouri Pacific, 73½; New Jersey Central, 120½; Northern Pacific, 27¾; Northern Pacific preferred, 72; Ontario & Western, 19; Oregon Transcontinental, 15⅝; Pacific Mail, 39½; Reading, 31⅝; Rock Island, 79¾; St. Paul, 61½; Texas Pacific, 16¾; Union Pacific, 51¾; Wabash, 11¾; Wabash preferred, 23⅝; Western Union, 83¾; New York & New England, 39½; Sugar, 100¾; Lead, 20¾.

11 A. M.—The stock market opened strong and from ⅛ to ⅝ higher, but the desire to realize upon the advances of the last few days was again very apparent and the pressure to sell in the early dealings resulted in the general loss of the early advances and in many cases fractions additional. The pressure was most severe, among the active stocks, upon Union Pacific and Burlington, which declined 1 per cent. and ⅜ respectively from their opening figures, but Sugar lost 1⅛ and most of the list fractional amounts. The Villards, Wheeling & Lake Erie and Richmond & West Point, with some of the inactive specialties, showed considerable strength and scored fractional gains before the influence of the selling movement reached them, but everything in the end was brought to and below the level of the opening prices. The pressure was removed later in the hour, however, and, while the market from great activity subsided into comparative quiet, prices rallied and the losses in many stocks were recovered, while the Villards were brought up to the best figures of the hour. The stubborn resistance given to the efforts of a decline stimulated a new demand in the latter part of the hour, and at 11 o'clock the market was again active and strong, generally at small fractions above first prices.

Noon—Money on call, easy at 3 @ ½; prime mercantile paper, 5 @ 6½; bar silver, 97½; exchange, quiet and firm; actual rates, $4.85¼ @ ½ for sixty days, and $4.88½ @ 9 for demand; posted rates, $4.86 @ 0½; government bonds, dull and easier; 4s reg. 121; 4s coup., 121; 4½s reg., 101; 4½s coup., 101; railroad bonds, a lot and generally firm; Pacific 6s, 113. The stock market continued active after 11 o'clock, but while the strong tone remained there was no further improvement in prices, though New England at its best showed a gain of 1 per cent. upon the opening price, and Louisville, New Albany & Chicago, at 29, was 1 per cent. better than its lowest. Special feature in the general list was lacking, and at noon the market was comparatively quiet and barely steady, at some concessions from the best prices.

	New York, April 27. Noon.
Canadian Pacific	79
Canada Southern	52½
Alton	121½
preferred	155
Chic., Bur. & Quincy	91¾
C., C., C. & I.	
Del. Hudson	135
Del. Lack.	138½
Denver & Rio Grande	19¾
Erie	22
preferred	55⅜
Ill.	102½
Kansas & Texas	15⅜
Lake Shore	112⅜
Louisville & Nashville	80¾
Michigan Central	95
Missouri Pacific	73½
N. J. Central	120¾
Northern Pacific	28
preferred	72⅜
Northwestern	111
preferred	135½
N. Y. Central	103¾
N. Y. & N. E.	40¾
Ohio & Mississippi	19¾
preferred	38
Ontario & Western	19¾
Oregon Nav.	77¾
Oregon Trans-Cont'l	15¾
Pacific Mail	39½
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	22¾
Reading	22⅝
Rock Island	79⅝
St. Paul	64½
preferred	115
Manitoba	107
Om	29
preferred	86¾
Texas Pacific	16
Union Pacific	51
Wabash, St. L. & Pac	11⅜
preferred	22⅞
Western Union	83⅝
Am. Cotton Oil	27½
Sugar Trust	89¾
Lead Trust	20⅛

NEW YORK CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

[Reported by J. H. Barney, Jr., 301½ Thames St.]

Atchison	33¾
Am. Sug. Ref.	88
Am. Sug. Ref. preferred	
Chicago Gas Trust	50¾
Canada Southern	52
C., B. & Q.	90¾
C., C., C. & St. L.	54⅝
Delaware & Lackawanna	137¾
Delaware & Hudson	
Erie	21½
Hocking Valley	
Lake Shore	112
Louisville & Nashville	79⅝
Lead Trust	19⅝
Michigan Central	
Missouri Pacific	73¾
New York & New England	39½
New York Central	
New Jersey Central	120
Northern Pacific	27¾
Northern Pacific preferred	71⅝
Northwestern	109¾
North American	17⅝
Omaha	
Pacific Mail	39¾
Pullman Palace	
Petroleum	
Rock Island	78¾
Richmond Terminal	18½
Reading	33½
St. Paul	79⅝
Silver	
Sugar Trust	
Texas Pacific	
Western Union	82
Wisconsin Central	
Wheeling & Lake Erie	
Wheeling & Lake Erie preferred	
Union Pacific	50½
Manhattan	

BOSTON EXCHANGE.

Boston, April 27. Noon.

American Bell Telephone	205½
Boston Water Power	23½
West End Land Co.	24
Boston & Montana Mining Co. ex div.	48¼
Calumet & Hecla Mining Co.	360
Franklin Mining Co.	17¾
Osceola Mining Co.	57¾
Tamarack Mining Co.	150
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	25½
Boston & Maine	201
Central of Massachusetts	30
Central of Massachusetts preferred	89
Fitchburg preferred	88
Mexican Central	7¾
New York & New England	39¾
New York & New England preferred	108
Old Colony	166¼
West End Railway preferred	85¾
Wisconsin Central	21½

There is only one solution to the heavy buying of stocks, and that is that the public is now a factor behind it. It is as difficult to restrain a public buying as it is to create it. Conservative people cannot see in the situation anything to warrant the bull sentiment beyond the magnificent condition of winter wheat, but facts may appear later which will justify the present enthusiasm.—[Boston News Bureau.

A. O'D. TAYLOR,

1. To naval officers and others:—Furnished cottages by the year, $550, $600, $700, $1,000; for the summer season, $400 to $600; some very good at $500.
2. Furnished houses in fashionable localities for summer only—$1,000, $3,000, $1,800, $1,500, $1,250, $1,600 on Bellevue avenue and elsewhere.

Office, - - 124 Bellevue Avenue.

Is also Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds, etc., for Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Michigan and Wisconsin.

DIED.

CHASE—In Middletown, suddenly, 25th inst., Hon. Robert Sisson Chase, in the 67th year of his age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at his late residence, in Middletown, tomorrow (Tuesday) afternoon at 2 o'clock.

BOYD—In Providence, 25th inst., Thomas Boyd, in his 79th year.

HOWE—In Providence, 25th inst., Frederick W. Howe, in his 63th year.

TOBIE—In Pawtucket, 23th inst., Addie Phipps, wife of Edward P. Tobie, in her 38th year.

MORGAN—In Providence, 25th inst., Charles W., son of the late Samuel and Mary A. Morgan, in his 38th year.

MANCHESTER—In Tiverton, 23d inst., Charles Manchester, in his 78th year.

CHACE—In Pawtucket, 25th inst., Hannah, widow of Osborn V. Chace, in her 80th year.

M. COTTRELL, Furnishing Undertaker, COTTRELL BLOCK, three doors south of the Postoffice. Residence No. 79 Thames street, near Marlboro' street. R. C. Cottrell, residence, No. 101 Mill street.

"That tired feeling" is entirely overcome by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives a feeling of buoyancy and strength to the whole system.

Ladies take Angostura Bitters generally when they feel low spirited. It brightens them up. Dr. Siegert & Sons, sole manufacturers. At all druggists.

Town meeting tonight! Make the selectmen keep the hall warm, but if you do get a bad cough or cold, make the druggist sell you a bottle of Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam.

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

CALL AND EXAMINE!

Receiving each day

The Newest Styles in

BOOTS and SHOES

—AT—

T. M. SEABURY'S,

214 THAMES STREET.

A FRIEND OF THE NEW NAVY.

The new American navy owes very much to the energy with which Hon. Hilary A. Herbert, Congressman from Alabama, advocated its claims when he was chairman of the committee on naval affairs in the last Democratic Congress, a position which Mr. Herbert will probably occupy for the next Congress. He was born at Laurensville, S. C., March 12.



HON. HILARY A. HERBERT.

1834, but removed when a boy to Greenville, Alabama. He attended several universities, studied law and was admitted to the bar. During the Civil War he served in the Confederate ranks and rose to be a colonel. He was severely wounded in the Battle of the Wilderness, and his wounds disabling him from further service he resumed the practice of law. He has served in Congress since the Forty-fifth Congress and is one of the most useful members of that body.

THE ETHICS OF HORSE-KEEPING.

Mr. H. C. Merwin, who has an article on "The Ethics of Horse-Keeping" in the May Atlantic, writes at length on our duties towards disabled horses. He says:—There remains only one branch of the subject which I feel bound to consider, namely, the duty of the owner toward the horse that has grown old and infirm in his service. I say little about the man who employs horses in the course of his business; let him settle the matter with his own conscience, though I cannot refrain from the obvious remark that whereas it might be a poor man's duty to sell his superannuated beast for what he would bring, lest his family should suffer, so it would be the rich man's duty to dispose of his work horses in a different manner. But as regards horses bought and used for pleasure this general rule seems to me undeniable, that the owner is morally bound to protect them from cruelty when they become old or broken down. He may do it by killing them or otherwise, as he sees fit. But how seldom is this duty performed! It is neglected, possibly, more from thoughtlessness than from intention. A span of carriage horses, we will say, after some years of service, lose their style; they become a little stiff, a little "sore forward," it may be; one of them, perhaps, is suffering from incipient spavin; and on the whole it is thought high time to dispose of them, and get a fresher, younger pair. Accordingly, John, the groom, is directed to take them to an auction stable, and in due course Dives, their old master, receives in return a check—a very small check, to be sure, but still large enough to make a respectable contribution to foreign missions or to purchase a case of champagne. That is all he knows about the transaction, and he does not allow his mind to dwell upon the inevitable results. But let Dives go to the auction stable himself; let him observe the wistful homesick air (for horses are often homesick) with which the old favorites look about them when they are backed out of the unaccustomed stalls; then let him stand by and see them whipped up and down the stable floor to show their tardy paces, and finally knocked down to some hard-faced, thin-lipped dealer. It needs very little imagination to foresee their after career. To begin with, the old companions are separated—a great grief to both, which it requires a long time to obliterate. The more active one goes into a country livery stable, where he is looked about by people whose only interest in the beast is to take out of him the pound of flesh for which they have paid. He has no rest on week days, but his Sunday task is the hardest. On that sacred day, the aristocrats of the village who have arrived at the perfect age of cruelty (which I take to be about fourteen or twenty) lash the old carriage horse from one public house to another, and bring him home exhausted and reeking with sweat. His mate goes into a job wagon, perhaps, possibly into a hearse, and is driven by night, lest his staring ribs and the pitiful lameness in his hind legs should attract the notice of meddlesome persons. The last stage of many a downward equine career is found in the shafts of a fruit pedaller's or junk dealer's wagon, in which situation there is continual exposure to heat and cold, to rain and snow, recompensed by the least possible amount of food. It may be that one of the old horses whose fate we are considering is finally bought by some poverty-stricken farmer; he works, without grain in summer, and passes long winter nights in a cold and draughty barn, with scanty covering and no bed but the floor. It is hard that in his old age, when, like an old man, he feels the cold most and is most in need of nourishing food, he should be deprived of all the comforts—the warm stall and soft bed, the good blankets and plentiful oats—that were heaped upon him in youth.

If, as is probably the case, the old carriage horse has been docked, his suffering in warm weather will greatly be increased. That form of mutilation which we call docking is, I believe, inartistic and barbarous, and I do not doubt that before many years it will become obsolete, as is now the cropping of horses' ears, which was practiced so late as 1840. But still I should not strongly condemn the owner for docking his horses, or buying them after they had been docked, which comes to the same thing, if his intention and custom were to keep them so long as they lived. But to dock a horse, thus depriving him forever of his tail, to keep him until he is old or broken down, and then sell him for what he will bring, is the very refinement of cruelty.

THE SEDAN CHAIR AGAIN.

It is announced in London that the sedan chair is "coming in" this season, and that several great ladies in the haut-monde have already signified their intention of using that form of conveyance for ball-going purposes. Now, a sedan chair has of late been relegated to the privacy of bric-a-brac collections, and the idea of its elbowing trams and buses, not to mention my lady's brougham in the street, savors of anachronism. The world has not grown smaller since sedans were in vogue, and particularly in London, where distances are enormous, a more rapid means of transit would seem advisable. But according to the latest edict of fashion it is considered "bad form" to give way to all the modern inventions, hence a return to this duller, slower means of transportation is being cried up. Fashion and history are always repeating themselves; so, come to think of it, it is about time for the whirligig to bring the luxurious sedan back again. How Bostonians would enjoy seeing one of their conspicuous society leaders being toted through the Public Garden in a sedan chair, en route for a piano recital, or to a dinner party in the purlieus of Commonwealth avenue! Maybe it would suit London ideas better. At all events the great metropolis shall be the first to try the caper.—[Entre Nous, in Boston Herald.

NEW YORK AS THE WORLD'S MONEY CENTER.

One of the things that have contributed in a large degree to make London the great money center of the world has been the power of the few great banking houses of that metropolis, such as the Baring Brothers, and others that might be named, with connections all over the world, to afford facilities through mercantile credits for an interchange of commodities, London being the clearing-house for the world's transactions. Prominently at the head of these great financial concerns was the house of Baring Brothers for more than a century. The prestige of the Barings is gone, and the house has lost that universal confidence which was the mainstay of its greatness. It was considered impregnable, but it is hardly possible that it will soon be able to inspire that feeling again. The prestige of London as a reliable money center, to some extent, went with the fall of the Barings. Where, then, can the financial world look for a substitute? Hardly to the French capital, owing to the unsavory memory of the copper syndicate, the Panama canal fiasco, and other collapses of a kindred nature. Frankfort and Berlin are not big enough, though backed by the powerful treasury of the Rothschilds. Manifest destiny would then seem to point to New York as the great future clearing-house of the world.—[Henry Clews, in North American Review for May.

TWO NOTABLE WOMEN.

Mrs. Besant is a lady by birth and training, of exceptional culture in literary and scientific lore. I suppose she could graduate, if she chose, in medicine, or any of half a dozen other subjects, and her natural abilities would ensure her a handsome professional income in any department. Truth to say, she is not gifted with the style of platform oratory we most admire. Slow, heavy, solemn in her delivery, her views of social life are gloomy, uttered with scarcely a gesture, and quite unlit with humor. The nearest approach to it is an occasional gleam of savage sarcasm at the nobility, the newly rich, and parsons in general. She has said nothing new so far, nor given original expression to what is old. Perhaps when she talks about the mysteries of this wonderful deal all, theosophy, we may get some real enlightenment or fun; either will be welcome. Mrs. Besant is about forty-five years of age; her comely features have acquired a strained expression as from long-continued struggling with fate against sore odds. She is altogether a remarkable woman, the chief characteristic of her mind being strength.

Mrs. Ballington Booth is precisely the opposite kind of person, physically and mentally, in faith and hope and surroundings. This little lady is the wife of the head of the Salvation Army in the United States, and therefore the empress of the faithful in the greatest country on earth. When she sparkles on the platform the commissioner's tallow candle is eclipsed by superior brightness. A mere girl you take her for, at first sight, her pliably but honestly pretty face made more winningly so being engulfed in the huge coal scuttle of a bonnet these Salvationesses are doomed to hide in. And yet there's no end of cuteness in these same bonnets. Just as Rowland Hill used to say that he didn't see why the Devil should have all the good tunes, so General Booth, shrewdest of Hebraic-visaged Christians, must have concluded that there was no reason why Beelzebub should keep all the pretty bonnets for his daughters-to-be. Mrs. Ballington Booth may be about twenty-four years of age, and has endowed this luxurious head with a true-born Salvation General Tom Thumb, a soldierly little fellow who waves his red flag with a zest that would set the heart of a bullock dancing with joy. Her father was the principal of Mr. Spurgeon's Orphanage, and he practically disowned her when she embraced the Salvation Army in the person of her husband.

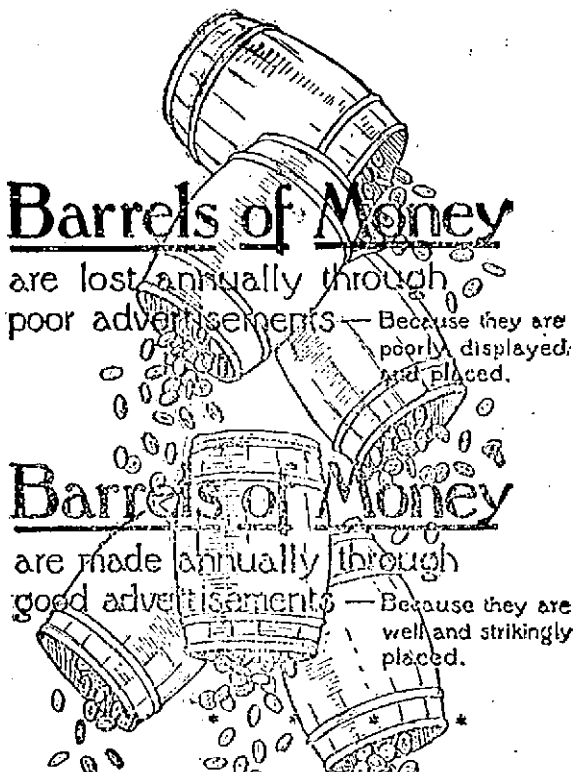
There was a reconciliation later, but this cheery, gentle, yet voluble, little lady has gone through fire enough to have soured an ordinary mortal into the rigidest stage of unmumified Quakerism. As she planned the other afternoon with her audience of fashionable women in the Christian Association Hall, for donations towards building a new headquarters in Fourteenth street, it was impossible not to feel the fascination of so pretty a manner. Our Gothamite millionairesses might make their money go farther afield and fare worse than if they gave it to this half-understood cause.—[New York letter to Boston Traveller.

RURAL URUGUAY.

Excursions across the territory of Uruguay reveal nothing of very great interest to the tourist. The landscape in parts is pretty; some finely situated *estancias* are to be seen along the banks of the Uruguay; the vicinity of the Rio Negro, too, is especially interesting and characteristic of the fertile parts of the territory, which present a similar combination of water, wood and rolling prairie. But, after all, one soon wearies of looking at the same kind of view hour after hour, league after league, and province after province. The fences of posts and wire are varied sometimes by fences of aloes and cactus; the eucalyptus, the poplar, and other trees are also planted to form fences as in Chile; the roads, where one sees long teams of oxen rolling along with huge wagons, are as terrible as those of the Argentine; the prairies are dotted with innumerable herds of cattle and horses; occasionally you see two or three peasants wearing brown *ponchos* riding and driving animals before them; at long intervals you see one or two ranchos, or huts, where the peasants live. In the Argentine the ranchos appeared miserable enough, but in Uruguay I saw many even more primitive, mere huts of black mud, with a roof of maize straw, a floor of beaten earth, a doorway, but not always a window. The cabins of the Irish peasantry give some idea of the Uruguayan rancho. It is a comfortless, unhealthy, rheumatic dwelling, less civilized than that of the Esquimaux, and more carelessly built than the most ordinary bird's nest.—[Theodore Child, in Harper's Magazine for May.

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22 lbs. Best A Sugar,	1.00	Crosse and Blackwell's Jams, jar,	.20
Best Patent Flour, bbl.,	6.50	Welcome Soap, 23 bars,	1.00
Best Patent Flour, bag,	.82	Dirt Killer Soap, 27 bars,	1.00
Best Butter, lb.,	.32	10 lb. Tubs Butterine,	1.60
Eagle Brand Cond. Milk, can,	.16	Finest Teas in the city, lb.,	.40 and .50
Bell Brand Cond. Milk, 13c., 2 for	.25		
Colman's English Mustard, box,	.15 and .25		

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Choice Indian River and Florida Oranges, and Honey Sweet Oranges for 20c. a dozen. Pineapples, Grape Fruit, Nuts, Figs, Dates, etc. Choice Creamery Butter and Fresh Eggs.

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ORANGES,
Apples, Grapes, Figs, Nuts, Pop Corn.
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Dr. C. J. Lewis hereby announces that he has at last been persuaded to place his famous remedy on the market so that sufferers may be their own physicians.

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The Stover Co., Paragon,
The Gendron Wheel Co., full line Enamel, Cement and Lubricating Oil always on hand.
CHAS. S. PLUMMER,
210 Thames Street.

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I Have Just Received
A nice line of
Spring Millinery!
A very fine assortment of
French Flowers.
M. E. SHEA, 276 1-2 Thames St.
Open every evening after March 23.

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A large assortment of new
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Opening of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, Saturday, 21, Monday and Tuesday.

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A handsome assortment of
WALL PAPERS,
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Tapestries,
Velvets.
Furniture upholstered and covered.
Mattresses made over.
NO. 146 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

FINE AND FRESH
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ALSO
FLOWER SEEDS
And everything in the florist line, at
H. J. Hass's
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Connected by telephone.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

OLD COLONY RAILROAD.

Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.

On and after Saturday, March 28, 1891, trains will leave Newport for **Boston**, week days, 7.35, 10.15 a. m., a12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p. m. Return 5.45, 8.30, a9.30, 11.40 a. m., 3.40, 4.35, 10.00 p. m. **Portsmouth Grove**, c7.35, c10.15 a. m., c2.55 p. m. **Coal Mines**, 7.35, 10.15 a. m., 2.55 p. m. **Bristol Ferry**, 7.35, 10.15 a.m., 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Tiverton**, 7.35, 10.15 a. m., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Fall River**, 7.35, 10.15 a. m., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Taunton**, 7.35, 10.15 a. m., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Middleboro'**, 7.35, 10.15 a. m., 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Cape Cod**, 7.35 a. m., 2.55 p. m. **Plymouth**, 7.35 a. m., 2.55 p. m. **New Bedford**, 7.35, 10.15 a. m., 2.50, 2.55, 5.15 p. m. **Fitchburg and Stations on Northern Division**, 7.35, 10.15 a. m., 2.55 p. m. **Lowell**, 7.35 a. m., 2.55 p. m. **Cottage City, Oak Bluffs**, 10.15 a. m. **Nantucket**, 10.15 a. m. **Providence**, 7.35 a. m., 2.55, 5.15 p. m. Return 7.30, 9.55 a. m., 12.40, 4.15 p. m.

SUNDAYS, for **Boston, Tiverton, Fall River, Taunton, North Easton, Stoughton, Randolph, South Braintree, Quincy, New Bedford**, 5.00 p. m. Return leave Boston 4.30 a. m. b7 p. m.

a Park Square Station.
b Park Square Station, boat from Fall River.
c Will stop to leave passengers or when flagged.
J. R. KENDRICK, Gen'l Manager, Boston.
GEO. L. CONNOR, Gen. Pass. Agent, Boston.
E. G. ALLEN, Supt., Boston.
J. H. Jordan, Agent, Newport, R. I.

For Block Island.

Steamer Geo. W. Danielson, Captain Conley, will leave Commercial wharf Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 12.30 P. M. Returning leave Block Island Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 8.30 A. M., weather permitting.

NOTICES.

NOTICE
—OF—
Application for Liquor License.

From the 6th up to and including the 14th April, 1891, before the BOARD OF LICENSE COMMISSIONERS of the City of Newport, the following-named persons made application for license under the provisions of Chapter 816 of the Public Statutes of Rhode Island, to sell pure Spirituous, Intoxicating and Malt Liquors within the limits of the City, viz.:—

Peleg Dryer & Son, 25 & 27 Broadway and 9 & 11 Spring Street.
Patrick H. Corbett, 553 Thames Street.
Thomas Dennisten, 27 & 29 Kinsley's Wharf.
Maurice S. Horgan, 66 West Broadway.
Fred P. Garrettson, 15 & 20 Washington Square cor. Charles Street.
Timothy J. Lyon, 19 Scott's Wharf.
John T. Martin, 558 Thames Street cor. Lee Avenue.
Dennis W. Sheehan, 18 & 20 Kinsley's Wharf.
Sayer Brothers, 283 Thames Street cor. Sayer's Wharf.
Charles A. Trager, 58 Bath Road.
Patrick H. Horgan, 58 West Broadway cor. Callender Avenue.

The above to manufacture, or sell at wholesale and retail, and the following to sell at retail only:—

Christen Anderson, 28 Prospect Hill Street.
John Alexander, 98 Levin Street.
William L. Healy, 92 Bridge Street.
Patrick B. Burke, 1 West Broadway cor. Branch Street.
Wm. A. Barker & Co., 59 Bridge Street.
George Benkhurst, 285 & 287 Thames Street.
Albert Buckingham, 426 Thames, cor. Young Street.
Daniel J. Buckley, 511 Thames Street.
Peter Brucker, Jr., 10 Franklin, & 9 Prospect Hill Streets.
John F. Champlin, "Ferry House," 11 to 21 Touro Street.
Joseph V. Coen, 111 Long Wharf.
John J. Coffey, 76 West Broadway cor. Spruce Street.
James J. Conheeny, 515 Spring Street.
John Campbell, 47 West Broadway, cor. Collins Street.
Michael Driscoll, 499 Thames Street.
Patrick F. Dugan, 5 Market Square.
Thomas Dennisten, 27 & 29 Kinsley's Wharf.
James Evans, 48 West Broadway.
John H. Fins, 437 Spring Street, cor. McAllister Court.
Karl Faerber, 189 Thames Street.
James Grover, 37 Bath Road.
Charles E. Groff, 127 Long Wharf.
Thomas Green, 134 Thames Street.
William Gash, 145 Thames, cor. Howard Street.
Paul Hertzog, 32 Washington Square.
Solomon F. Hubbard, 119 & 121 Thames Street.
Richard Holzinger, "Germania Hotel" 22 State Street.
James D. Hilder, 275 & 277 Thames Street.
Maurice S. Horgan, 13 Franklin Street.
Patrick Hunt, 132 Long Wharf.
Patrick H. Horgan, 58 West Broadway, cor. Callender Avenue.
Michael J. Johnson, 65 Long Wharf.
William G. Lynch, 30 & 32 Market Square.
Joseph Keller, 15 Dennison Street.
Bernard McGowan, 31 Bath Road.
James N. Murphy, 101 Thames Street.
Thomas Murphy, 140 Long Wharf.
D. H. Mahogany, 125 Thames Street & 1 Long Wharf.
John Malgan, 110 Levin Street.
James A. McMahon, 90 William Street.
Daniel J. McGowan, 14 Washington Square.
Michael J. Murphy, 428 Thames, cor. Young Street.
John T. Martin, 558 Thames Street, cor. Lee Avenue.
Charles McDermott, 18 Prospect Hill Street.
Thomas Murphy, 442 Thames Street.
Thomas Martin, 520 Thames Street, cor. Holland Street.
John J. Murray, 48 East Bowery Street.
James A. McKenna, 20 Washington, cor. Marsh Street.
Patrick Nolan, 103 William Street.
John A. Owen, 7 Duke Street.
Timothy H. O'Connell, 83 Long Wharf.
Michael O'Neill, 16 Long Wharf.
William Ormsby, 5 Scott's Wharf.
C. Frank Peasley, 8 Duke Street.
George Quarry, 14 Long Wharf.
William D. Rife, 269 Thames Street.
Timothy Sullivan, 41 Bath Road.
William P. Sullivan, 8 Kinsley's Wharf.
John O. Shay, 128 Long Wharf.
Louis Shanteler, 472 Thames Street.
Michael Shea, 220 Thames, cor. Prospect Hill Street.
Joseph Simpson, 7 & 9 DeBlois Court.
Dennis J. Sullivan, 601 Thames Street, cor. Dixon Lane.
Daniel Shea, 635 Thames Street.
Dennis W. Sheehan, 18 & 20 Kinsley's Wharf.
Charles A. Trager, 8 Middleton Avenue.
John E. Turgeon, 110 Thames Street.
Alva F. Weaver, 703 Thames, cor. Connection Street.
Charles F. Walsh, 638 Thames Street, cor. Dixon Lane.
E. V. Westcott, "The Aquidneck," Pelham Street.
Thos. B. Wilson, 255 Thames Street, cor. Scott's Wharf.

THE BOARD OF LICENSE COMMISSIONERS will be in session on Tuesday, April 28th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at their office in Mill street, when opportunity will be given for remonstrants to be heard before acting upon said applications o granting licenses under them.

Published by the License Commissioners.

HARWOOD E. READ,
SAMUEL McADAM,
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STEAM LAUNDRY,
BEST WORK
Done promptly and collected and delivered free
ATWATER, The Hatter.
286 Thames Street.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

NEWPORT & WICKFORD
RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT CO.

TIME TABLE

BETWEEN NEWPORT, BOSTON, PROVIDENCE AND NEW YORK.

IN EFFECT SATURDAY, NOV. 1, 1890.

via Newport & Wickford R.R. and Steamboat Co. and New York, Boston & Providence R. R.

Leave Newport 7.20 A. M., arrive New York 3.30 P. M.; New Haven 1.20 P. M.; New London 10.23 A. M.; Providence 9.15 A. M.; Boston 11.05 A. M.

Leave Newport 10.20 A. M., arrive New York 4.36 P. M.; New Haven 2.25 P. M.; New London 12.57 P. M.; Providence 12.25 P. M.; Boston 1.55 P. M.

Leave Newport 4.20 P. M., arrive New York 11.00 P. M.; New Haven 9.05 P. M.; New London 7.40 P. M.; Providence 6.13 P. M.; Boston 7.30 P. M.

Leave New London 7.30 A. M.; Boston 7.00 A. M. Providence 8.15 A. M., arrive Newport 9.55 A. M.

Leave New York 5.00 A. M.; New Haven 7.25 A. M.; New London 10.15 A. M.; Boston 10.00 A. M. Providence 11.10 A. M., arrive Newport 1.00 P. M.

Leave New York 1.00 P. M.; Boston 3.00 P. M. New Haven 3.05 P. M.; New London 4.32 P. M. Providence 5.00 P. M., arrive Newport 7.00 P. M.

Drawing Room Cars to and from Wickford Junction.

Tickets sold and baggage checked at steamer Eolus, Commercial wharf, Transfer Co.'s office, Travers block, Bellevue avenue. Drawing Room Chairs can be procured at company's office, Commercial wharf.

J. B. GARDINER, Supt., Providence.
C. U. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

CONTINENTAL STEAMBOAT CO.
LEAVE
"CITY WHARF,"
NEWPORT, FOR
PROVIDENCE

Week days at 8 A. M.; leave Providence for Newport week days at 4 P. M.

Stop at Prudence Tuesday and Friday only.
Stop at Conanicut Friday only.
Express trips Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday.

EXCURSION TICKETS ONLY 90 CENTS.

All freight must be delivered at wharf 30 minutes before boat leaves to insure shipment.

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General Manager.

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FALL RIVER LINE.
$2.00
TO NEW YORK
For Special Limited Tickets.
REDUCTION TO ALL OTHER POINTS.

Steamers **Plymouth** and **Pilgrim** in commission. Leave Newport week days at 9 P. M.; Sundays 10 P. M.; due in New York at about 7.30 A. M. Connection by annex boat for Brooklyn and Jersey City on arrival.

RETURNING, steamers leave New York from Pier 28 N.R., foot of Murray street, at 5.00 P.M. daily, Sundays included. ANNEX CONNECTION from Brooklyn at 4 30, Jersey City at 4 P.M. Eastward steamers touch at Newport at about 8.00 A. M.

For tickets and staterooms apply at New York & Boston Despatch Express office, Pelham street, J. J. Greene, Ticket Agent.

J. R. KENDRICK, Gen'l Manager,
GEO. L. CONNOR, Gen'l Pass'r Agent,
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

Boston & Philadelphia Steamship Co.
FROM
Fall River for Philadelphia
DIRECT.
STEAMERS SAIL FROM DERRICK WHARF, FALL RIVER, MASS.,
Every Wednesday and Saturday
AT 5 P. M.
CONNECTING AT PHILADELPHIA WITH ALL RAIL AND WATER LINES TO THE SOUTH AND WEST.



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E. B. SAMPSON, General Manager, Boston, Mass.

Jamestown Ferries.

Beginning Wednesday, Oct. 1, 1890, steamers will run as follows:

Steamer Conanicut,

Between Newport and Jamestown.

Leave Jamestown, 6.15, 8.15, 10.45 A. M., 1.30, 3.30, 5.30 P. M. Sundays, 9.45 A. M.; 4.00 P. M.

Leave Newport, 6.45, 9.30 A. M.; 12.00 M.; 2.45, 5.15, 6.15 (or on arrival of Providence boat) P. M. Sundays, 10.15 A. M.; 4.30 P. M.

Electric Bells
—AND—
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HENRY W. COZZENS,
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Telephone connection.

Wall Papers
NEW PATTERNS.
No. 156 THAMES STREET,
STAFFORD BRYER.

The Bassett Claim.

By HENRY R. ELLIOT.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

[Begun April 17. Copies containing former Chapters can be obtained at News office.]

CHAPTER IX.

A DIGESTIVE CALL.



The colonel drew back in his arm chair and puffed a moment at his cigar.

McArdle was much amused at Windward's description of his first visit to congress, and particularly his opening experience as a claimant. They were sitting, the colonel, Louise and Windward, in the library, before a rosy, open fire. The night was bleak and windy, and the elemental strife found a counterpart in the ballet that reigned at the hotels and in the rival parlors of fashion. But for the nonce the great, gay world swept by and about them, unheeding and unheeded.

"You are right, Mr. Bassett," said the colonel, biting off the end of a fresh cigar, "in comparing the house to the Stock exchange. There are three centers of energy in this country—the house of representatives, the New York Stock exchange and the whirlpool at Niagara."

"And Wanamaker's," added Louise, demurely bending over her embroidery.

"And Wanamaker's; in all, four," said the colonel gravely, but with a gleam of laughter in his eyes as he looked fondly at his niece. Not many people cared to trifle with the colonel in his serious vein, but Louise could and did in safety.

"As for Blamms," continued McArdle, "I know him of old. Your uncle used to bother with him. Blamms must annoy your amiable member excessively. Truly, he is a terrible bore. He wants something really done, you understand. He actually expects to get his money; in short, a most preposterous sort of person."

"I want my money, too," said Windward.

"Oh, yes," replied the colonel, looking at the young man so sharply that he colored. "But you are only in fun. You are playing claimant. Now Blamms is a real claimant. His 'sweet children' are hungry, that handsome wife wears shabby clothes, and his notes are in the hands of usurers."

"I understand you," said Windward, "and in the sense you mean I am not in earnest. But I should like the money due me, and I should like the victory of getting it, and I am willing to spend a winter or two or three in the fight, if I have a reasonable chance of winning. At the same time I am not in need. I like the life here, and as my good member says, the climate is delightful."

"And the patent office is very interesting. Don't forget that," said McArdle. "President Hayes once told me that when he came here he asked President Grant what he said to chance visitors who called to pay their respects, and who might expect a word or two. 'I ask them,' replied Grant, 'Have you been to the Smithsonian?' So you see great minds think alike. Now as to the claim. I understand you want the money and the glory, but you can wait, and meanwhile the world is pleasant. Louise, it's Tom over again."

"I hope so, uncle," she said, so kindly and with such simplicity of friendship that Windward felt somewhat like an old, old friend, only transplanted. Possibly for an instant they all thought of Pythagoras.

"I should like to be so good and useful a man," said Windward.

"You say well," replied McArdle. "And you might imitate him as a claimant. And now if you, like him, are, as it were, only incidentally such, you will enjoy your stay very much. Society here is very fascinating, vulgar in spots, but always interesting. In Washington, as nowhere else, you will find yourself among famous men and beautiful women—in short, the successful of both sexes."

Louise looked up from her fancy work at this remark and said with a pout, "How lucky I am to have regular features!"

"Very," replied the inflexible colonel. "Mr. Bassett," he exclaimed, "what is your scale of merit in a woman?"

"Well, really," faltered Windward, startled by the sudden and searching question, "I don't know as I can give it on the instant."

"I can give mine and yours and every man's who will be honest," said the colonel. "First, physical beauty; second, amiability of disposition; third, character; fourth, accomplishments."

"You don't flatter us," said Louise.

"The list is more flattering than the reverse," retorted the colonel—"the woman's scale for men."

"Oh, do let us have it," exclaimed Louise.

"Force, courtesy, beauty, worth," said McArdle grimly. "And you can't deny it!"

"I do, though," retorted Louise.

The colonel drew back in his arm-chair and puffed a moment at his cigar, as if summoning his resources for a protracted and hazardous controversy.

"When I was a young man," he finally began—"that was long ago—a noted society expert gave me a bit of advice, rather cynical, but full of worldly wisdom. 'McArdle,' said he, 'if you want to be popular with the ladies, and of course you do, follow one simple rule. Whenever you are introduced to a woman be sure to remark presently to one or two mutual friends, "What a pretty girl she is!" That is always carried to her, and the thing is done; the rest is detail; flavor to the taste, as the cooks say.'"

"But suppose she isn't pretty?" I asked him.

"She probably is, but if not, so much the better. In that case be sure to say so. And be in such cases specific. For every woman has something good about her, face, eyes, hair, shape, gait, air, and so you should clinch the compliment by a bill of particulars. 'Such a pretty girl, such style, such lovely teeth.' It's all true. As a society man you want to admire easily, be readily pleased and show pleasure. Let any young woman put all her finery on, and set out to be seen at her best and she is a charming object. See it and own it, and you will be charming, too."

"One question," said I to the veteran. "You seem to confine your compliments to physical attractions, but cannot we praise a plain woman for her mental gifts or disposition?"

"Oh, never! never!" he replied, with a look of horror. "That would be fatal. Never! Ah, she understands that! She has been used to that for many bitter years. No, no! Search out her single beauty, if she have but one, and celebrate that, and it will please her more than any tribute to her mind or soul."

McArdle stopped, and puffed at his cigar.

"The old wretch," exclaimed Louise.

"It was Tom Bassett," observed McArdle suavely.

"Pshaw!" cried Louise, with a toss of the head and a vicious stab at the innocent embroidery, while the two gentlemen were ungallant enough to laugh.

"Well," exclaimed Windward, "I shall begin my career at once by saying to you both that Miss Willis is a sweet, pretty girl."

"Very well, Mr. Bassett, I shall duly tell her the first time we meet," said Louise smiling. "But you've forgotten your particulars. How about the eyebrows or her dimple?"

"I've no call to specify. She is 'one entire chrysolite,'" exclaimed Windward.

"Blue eyes for compliments, Louise," said the colonel, with a chuckle. "He'll do, as old Tom before him."

[To be continued.]

DEATH OF AN EX-NEW YORK SLAVE.

Rev. Thomas James, who died in Rochester a few days ago, was born a slave at Canajoharie, N. Y., in 1804. He was the third of four children, and they were all the property of Asa Kimball. When Thomas was eight years of age his mother, brother and elder sister were sold to purchasers from Smithtown, a village near Amsterdam. Thomas never saw his mother or sister again, but he and his brother were re-united many years afterwards. He never had any personal knowledge of his father. When Thomas was seventeen years of age Kimball was killed in a runaway accident and the young slave was sold to Cromwell Bartlett of the same neighborhood, and shortly afterwards was traded for a yoke of oxen, a colt and some additional property to George H. Hess, a wealthy farmer of the vicinity of Fort Plain. James had hard usage from Hess and determined to escape. This he succeeded in doing, and made his way to the Canadian border. Here it will be recalled that 1821 was the year in which the emancipation of slaves in New York was decreed, though with regard to some who were minors the liberation did not take effect until about 1830. James secured work as a laborer on the Welland canal, but three months afterwards returned to the American side, and soon after made his way to Rochesterville, and secured employment at the residence of a lawyer named Talbert. James was then nineteen years of age, and could neither read nor write. He was soon taught to read, however, in a Sunday school for colored youths, and in 1823 became a member of the African Methodist Episcopal Church, which was then on Ely street. His studies soon took the direction of preparation for the ministry. In 1828 he taught a school for colored children on Favor Street, and in the following year commenced preaching. In 1830 he bought as a site for a religious edifice the lot now occupied by Zion's Church. He was ordained as a minister in 1833 by Bishop Rush. Up to this time he had no name, having been called "Tom" as a slave and "Jim" at places where he had worked in this city. He put the names together, and was ordained as Rev. Thomas James. He became an abolitionist, and held a number of public meetings in the court house and other places in the city and surrounding towns. His course met with so much opposition that he was at times compelled to flee for his life. In the fall of 1833 he attended the first anti-slavery state convention held at Utica. In 1835 he left Rochester and went to Syracuse to form a colored church. He finally went to New Bedford, Mass., where he first saw Fred Douglass. The latter was then just out of slavery and had already begun to talk in public, though not before white people. Mr. Douglass was licensed to preach by Mr. James. The latter traveled extensively through the eastern part of the country in the interest of anti-slavery, and finally took charge of a colored church in Boston. He shortly afterwards left this church, however, in order to devote all his time to delivering lectures, and assisting runaway slaves. He returned to Rochester in 1856, and took charge of a colored church in this city.—[Rochester Union.

The announcement is made by a newspaper in which the President's son is interested, Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper, this week, that Mr. Blaine is not a candidate for the Presidency. Leslie's has pictures of the celebrated ostrich farm in California; of President Harrison's tour; of a recent full-dress children's carnival in New York; of the great cattle sale of Senator McPherson; of Secretary Foster's visit to New York, and a frontispiece showing the capture of a runaway in Central Park.

DELICIOUS MINCE PIES
EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.
NONE SUCH
CONDENSED
Mince Meat



HIGHEST AWARD
received at all *Pure Food Expositions* for
Superior Quality, Cleanliness,
and *convenience* to housekeepers.
Each Package contains material for two large pies.
Grocers often substitute cheap imitations, to make a better profit. Refuse such articles, and insist on having NONE SUCH brand—the best.
MERRELL & SOULE, SYRACUSE, N.Y.

PLUMBERS AND STEAM FITTERS
GAS FIXTURES
—AND—
GLOBES.
LYNCH & SULLIVAN,
11 MILL STREET.

P. J. MURPHY,
Practical Plumber.
Successor to C. Greason.
SPRING ST., ONE DOOR NORTH OF MILL STREET.
Sanitary plumbing and ventilation a specialty and will receive prompt and personal attention. Connection by telephone.

ESTABLISHED 1816.
James Openshaw,
SUCCESSOR TO
McAdam & Openshaw, N. M. Chaffee & Co. and J. G. Weaver, Jr.,
PRACTICAL and SANITARY PLUMBER,
No. 6 MILL STREET.
Telephone connection.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.
C. H. FLETCHER'S
COMBINATION
Sale and Boarding Stable,
Corner Pine and Potter Streets,
PROVIDENCE, R. I.
Extensive and direct shipper of Horses. Headquarters in Rhode Island for
Horses at Lowest Possible Prices.
Just arrived, Peter O'Brien of St. Lawrence county, New York, with ten horses, as good as money can buy. This is a lot of horses for ladies and gentlemen, fine driving, and should attract the attention of lovers of fine horses. In weights from 1,000 to 1,150 lbs. Also Mr. Owen Beony of Indiana, with one car, twenty horses, embracing some extra pairs, in weights from 2,100 to 3,100 lbs. Some fine Saddle Horses. We call the attention of buyers to call and see this commodious stock of horses. Such a lot seldom reaches Providence market, and should be seen to be appreciated. Also extensive dealers in new and second-hand Carriages of every description, and Harnesses. J. B. JENKINS, Manager.
Telephone 1112-2.

A. STEWART & SON'S
Hack, Livery and Boarding Stables.
4 & 11 PELHAM STREET.
First-class horses and carriages to rent by the month; also village and dog carts. One four-horse FIRST-CLASS ENGLISH DRAG for parties at short notice. First-class accommodations for wintering horses at our farm. Terms reasonable. We have just added to our establishment a large CARRIAGE REPOSITORY, and shall have on sale a great variety of fine carriages at reasonable prices.
A. STEWART & SON, 4 & 11 Pelham St.

CAB SERVICE.
The undersigned is prepared to furnish Cabs and Carriages at prices in accordance with the times.
GEORGE A. FERGUSON,
OFFICE AT 24 BEACH STREET.
Telephone connection.

INSTRUCTION.
Alfred G. Langley, A. M.,
PRIVATE TUTOR.
1 School Street. Call from 1 to 3 P. M.
Also Piano Instruction and Accompanying.
MR. F. A. FREDERICKS,
TEACHER OF PIANO AND ORGAN.
Special attention given to young beginners; will also furnish music for receptions, hotel hops and children's dancing parties. Call or address 91 John street.
P. J. MERGES,
(Formerly teacher at the summer sessions of the Virginia Normal Music School), Teacher of Piano, Organ, Voice Culture and Singing. Training of young teachers a specialty.
Studio At Brayton House (Annex)
41 PELHAM STREET.

CALL AND SEE THOSE NEW
Household Sewing Machines
Just received at
C. Banning's, 67 Broadway.
They are great favorites with everyone, and are sold at exceedingly low prices.

DRUGGISTS.
Compound Extract
—OF—
Sarsaparilla
(Dr. David King's Formula)
Cures Scrofula, Rheumatism, Boils, Pimples, Catarrh, Constipation, General Debility, Biliousness and all diseases arising from impurity of the blood.
NORTH END PHARMACY.
ESTABLISHED 1780.
HAZARD, HAZARD & CO.,
Successors to Caswell, Hazard & Co.,
Chemists and Druggists.
Instrument Makers.
No. 6 Cologne, Elixir Calisaya Ferrophos, Cod Liver Oil, etc.
6th AVE. HOTEL,
39th ST. AND 6th AVE., NEW YORK,
212 THAMES STREET, - NEWPORT, R. I.

DOWNING'S
Compound Extract
—OF—
Sarsaparilla,
For all impurities of the blood. A large bottle for 75c., at
DOWNING BROS.',
Nos. 42 & 44 BROADWAY.

WM. H. COTTON,
Druggist and Apothecary,
OLD NO. 146, NEW NO. 224 THAMES STREET,
NEWPORT, R. I.
Residence, Cotton's Court.

REAL ESTATE.
Now is the Time!
To Secure at One-third Cost a Very Desirable Residence in Newport.
It has a fine water view, boating and fishing near by. Large stable, bowling alley, and is very desirable both as a summer and a winter residence, and should be seen to be appreciated. A large amount of the purchase money can remain on mortgage. For price and particulars apply to
Daniel Watson,
No. 235 THAMES STREET.

For Sale.
CRANSTON AVENUE.
Most Desirable Cottage, with 10,000 sq. ft. of Land.
Above cottage has all modern improvements. Sewer connection.
DeBLOIS, HUNTER & ELDRIDGE,
152 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

FOR SALE.
A DWELLING HOUSE, STABLE AND BLACKSMITH SHOP
With three forges, all in perfect repair; a valuable estate, 5,000 square feet of land. Sold on account of the ill health of the owner.
APPLY TO
GEO. V. WILBUR.

STORE
In News Building.
TO LET—South store in the Daily News Building. Steam heat. Rent $100 a year.

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ROCCO BARONE,
LOCKSMITH,
13 Market Square.
Umbrellas Re-Covered While You Wait.
Second-hand furniture bought and sold.
GODDARD & BARLOW,
PRACTICAL
Tinsmiths and Metal Workers,
REAR OF 122 THAMES STREET.
Work done at reasonable rates. Tin roofing and general jobbing.
J. D. JOHNSTON,
Architect and Builder.
Plans and Estimates furnished on application. General Jobbing, Mason, Tile and Stucco Work Executed with despatch.
Shop, 63 Mill street. P. O. Box, 161.
Office, 10 Pelham St. Residence, 106 Church.
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MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, WINDOW FRAMES, &c
94 to 98 WEST BROADWAY
F. A. ALLAN,
Carpenter and Builder
17 WARNER STREET.
SAMUEL H. OXX, Agent,
24 Third Street,
Carpenter and Builder
Improvements and repairs well and promptly done.
Orders left with Mr. Walter Sherman, No. 142 Thames street, New York Book Store, will be immediately attended to.

FINANCIAL.
GUARANTEED
First Mortgages
—ON—
TACOMA CITY PROPERTY,
Bearing 7 per cent. Interest
Ranging in amounts from $400 to $4,000. Interest in coupon form payable at Merchants' Bank. For sale by
A. S. SHERMAN.
SPENCER TRASK & CO.
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
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DEALERS IN
Railroad and Municipal Bonds,
DRAFTS ON ALL PARTS OF EUROPE.
PRIVATE WIRES TO NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA.
Nos. 5 & 7 Exchange Street,
PROVIDENCE, R. I.
A Safe Investment.
6 per cent.
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
OF THE
CITY OF CHICAGO GRAIN ELEVATOR COMPANY, Limited,
for sale on terms favorable to investors. The Company owns eight Elevators, the largest combination in Chicago, and is doing the largest business. These bonds are recommended as a conservative investment, being secured by railway terminal property of the first class.
For full particulars address
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FISKE BUILDING,
No. 89 State Street, Boston.
Members of Boston, New York and Philadelphia Stock Exchanges.
Stocks and Bonds Bought and Sold in all Markets.
Sheldon & Binney,
BANKERS,
28 Westminster St., Providence, R.I.,
Transact a General Banking Business. Dealers in Stocks, Bonds, Local Securities, Foreign Exchange.
Interest allowed on deposits subject to check at sight.
Private telegraph wires to New York and Boston.
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Letters of Credit.
We buy and sell Bills of Exchange on and make cable transfers of money to Europe, Australia, and the West Indies; also make Collections and issue Commercial and Travelling Credits, available in all parts of the world,
Brown Brothers & Co.,
BANKERS, No. 59 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
£ FOREIGN EXCHANGE. £
Exchange on all parts of Europe for sale at current prices. London Correspondents, Messrs. Morton, Rose & Co. Paris Correspondents, Messrs. Drexel, Harjes & Co. Foreign money bought and sold; also mutilated currency and silver.
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48 and 52 Weybosset Street,
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Private telegraph wires to New York and Boston.

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PARK HOUSE,
WASHINGTON SQUARE.
JAMES H. MEAD, Proprietor.
New York's New Wonder of the World!
HOTEL Overlooking Central Park, Fifth Avenue, 58th and 59th sts., New York. HIGHEST CLASS ABSOLUTELY FIRE-PROOF.
Plaza
On American and European Plans. Within half block 6th Ave. Elevated R. R. terminus. 5th Ave. Stages and Cross Town Cars pass doors.
"The most magnificently and luxuriously appointed, and most perfectly equipped hotel in the world."—New York World Reporter.
EVERETT HOUSE.
4TH AVENUE AND 17TH STREET,
NEW YORK.
Centrally located. Overlooking Union Square. Table service a la Carte.
JOHN G. WEAVER, JR., & CO.
OCEAN HOUSE.
NEWPORT.
J. G. WEAVER & SON, Proprietors.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.
The Getchell Piano
This is one of the finest pianos for a medium price in the market. It stands in tune the best of any I know of. It has a full, clear tone and is in a rich mahogany case. Those thinking of purchasing a piano will do well to call and examine this and other instruments that I have, before buying.
JOHN VARS,
172 THAMES STREET,
Entrance through Carr's Bookstore.
NEW MUSIC
Only Authorized Edition of
Strauss' Album, 50c.
NEW SONGS.
"Oh My, What a Dreadful Thing." Waltz Song, "Bring Me Sweet Blossoms."
"I'll Come Back Again," as sung by Cleveland's Minstrels.
"Sweet Katie Conner," song and chorus.
"Pauline Mazurka," Yorke dance.
John Rogers,
210 Thames Street.



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OLDEST SON OF THE LATE
DR. JAMES M. SOLOMON
Of Attleboro', Mass.,
Has opened an office at the
Brayton House,
Where he will be every
Tuesday of Each Week.
Office hours 10 A. M. to 12 M., 1 to 4 P. M.
Dr. Solomon is permanently located at No. 157 North Main street, Fall River, Mass.
Chronic diseases a specialty. Consultation free.
CALIFORNIA FRUIT
CHEWING GUM
A delicious confection as much enjoyed by ladies and gentlemen as by children.
The best physicians recommend its use after each meal.
It sweetens the breath, aids digestion, preserves the teeth and hardens the gums.
ALL DEALERS SELL IT!
A SAMPLE PACKAGE IS SENT
FREE TO ALL
WHO ADDRESS THE MANUFACTURERS,
JONES & PRIMLEY CO., Elkhart, Ind.
FRASCH'S
ICE CREAM and ICES.
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YOU CAN GET
Those beautiful, luxurious sofas and chairs upholstered in hair in the best manner and covered in any material wanted at very low prices at 39 Mill street. GEO.

PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS.

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OFFICE HOURS: { 11 A. M. to 2 P. M. / 6.30 to 7.30 P. M.
113 Touro St. Telephone number 6722-1.

DR. JOHN S. ENGS
Has removed his dental office from Franklin St. to the Newton Building, at foot of Pelham Street.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements of twenty-five words under this head are inserted three times for twenty-five cents. Payment must be made with the order.

WANTED—A situation by a first-class cook. The best of references can be given. Apply at No. 66 Ayrault street.

WANTED—By two respectable young girls, a situation by one to take care of children or to do light housework, and the other as competent cook, willing to do plain washing or to do housework. 14 Callender avenue.

WANTED—A situation as good cook in private family by a woman with good references. Address Box 38, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation by a gardener; city references. Address Box 61 Daily News Office.

WANTED—A situation for general housework in a small family by a thoroughly competent woman; best references. Address Box 26, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation by a competent girl; would do waiting and chamber-work, or chamberwork and laundress. In a private family. Address Box 47, Daily News Office.

WANTED—By a young girl, work by the day; willing to do sewing if required. 141 Thames street.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A young man to work in store. Apply at Gilmore's Trunk Store, 153 Thames street.

WANTED—A first-class tailoress. Apply to John O'Connor, Thames street.

WANTED—Salesmen. Permanent paying positions for intelligent workers. Write at once. Ellwanger & Barry, Mt. Hope Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—Woman to do scrubbing. Apply at Perry House.

WANTED—A strong, capable woman for housework and washing. Wages $4 a week. Northeast corner Greenough place and Old Beach road.

WANTED—At once, a gentleman well acquainted in Newport, of good standing, to introduce an entirely new publication, contributed to by His Eminence Cardinal Gibbons. Sells at sight. $15 per week if found competent. Must have good reference. H. MacElroy, 81 Westminster street, Providence, R. I.

WANTED—An active, reliable man, salary $70 to $80 monthly, with increase, to represent in his own section a responsible New York house. References. MANUFACTURER, Lock Box 1,585, New York.

Wanted---Experienced Salesmen.

Apply at once at our store, 171 Thames street.
PLYMOUTH ROCK PANTS CO.

TENEMENTS, FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD.

TO LET—Two or three adjoining furnished rooms, overlooking the harbor; terms moderate. Inquire at 193 Thames St. Otto Ruecker.

WANTED—A married woman in service (Roman Catholic) wishes to find board for her little girl ten months old. Address Box 49, Daily News Office.

TO LET—For the season, a cottage in good location. A good chance for an invalid or lady with a family who does not want the care of housekeeping, as she can be accommodated where there is a first-class cook. Apply to G. V. Wilbur, 29 Bellevue avenue.

WANTED—By a respectable lady, one or two unfurnished rooms. State price. Apply at Daily News Office, Box 59.

EDDY'S,

Best of all refrigerators, at greatly reduced prices. We have every style and size on hand to select from, and can make any size to order.

WM. K. COVELL, JR.,
NO. 163 THAMES STREET.

The Daughters of the Late Mr. and Mrs. Callaghan

Will continue the purchase and sale of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

Cast Off Clothing,

At the same place of business
142 Spring Street.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES
Will be given and EXPRESS CHARGES PAID on all parcels from without the city, as offered to

James H. Barney, Jr.,

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301 1-2 THAMES ST., ROOMS 4 and 5.

Orders executed for any stocks or bonds sold on New York Stock or Consolidated Exchange or Boston Stock Exchange. Certificates promptly delivered.
Local Stocks a specialty.
Correspondence solicited. Telephone.

HOUSEKEEPERS!
Closing out Sale of
TOILET SETS at $2.37,
Of 10 pieces Decorated English Ware.
DINNER SETS at $9.70,
Of 112 pieces Decorated Ware.

J. H. MARTIN,
203 THAMES STREET.
Opposite Hammett's Bookstore.

TEAS.

Owing to the success of our teas during the past, we are induced to continue advertising them in this direct manner. Any kind you like,

10 lbs. - - $3.00.
(With canister, $3.50.)
5 lbs. - - 1.60.
3 lbs. - - 1.00.
1 lb. - - .35.

We have an especially fine English Breakfast Tea at 35c. Samples given away on application.

F. P. GARRETTSON & CO.,
16 & 20 Washington Square, Newport, R. I.
156 Front Street, - New York.

Anthony Burton.

Schooner Anthony Burton has arrived and is discharging

WILKESBARRE,
EGG AND FURNACE
COAL
—FOR—
Perry Brothers.

Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Linoleums,
Mattings,
Rugs, Mats, etc.,

WALL PAPERS, WINDOW SHADES, DRAPERY MATERIALS.

☞Carpet and Curtain Upholstery by experienced workmen.

WM. C. COZZENS & CO.,
138 THAMES STREET.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, April 27, 8 A. M.—For New England and eastern New York:—Warmer; fair; southwesterly winds.

BLUE HILL PREDICTIONS.

For tonight:—Fair; warmer.
For Tuesday:—Doubtful.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

April 27.	8 A. M.	12 M.	2 P. M.
Temperature,	51	61	61
Barometer,	29.92	29.88	29.78
Wind,	SW	S	SW
Weather,	Fair	Clear	Fair

TODAY'S NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

To Let—Rooms; 8th page.
To Let—Cottage; 8th page.
For Sale—Harness; 8th page.
Unity Club—Social; 8th page.
Wanted—Tailoress; 8th page.
Wanted—Situations; 8th page.
Wanted—Young Man; 8th page.
Royal Baking Powder; 8th page.
N. Y. Book Co.—Books; 8th page.
Wanted—Board for Child; 8th page.
C. E. Hammett, Jr.—Note; 8th page.
T. Burlingham—Furniture; 8th page.
Kickapoo Indian Remedies; 8th page.
Cleveland's Baking Powder; 8th page.
Wanted—Situation as Cook; 8th page.
Wanted—Situation by Cook; 8th page.
A. P. Baker—To Let and For Sale; 8th page.
Wm. K. Covell, Jr.—Refrigerators; 8th page.

LOCAL NOTES.

—Mr. Philip Rider is out today, after a few days' illness.

—Mrs. Lloyd S. Bryce and family will soon sail for Europe.

—Mrs. Clarence Vose of Brooklyn is visiting her mother on Broadway.

—Mr. and Mrs. Andrew K. Quinn have returned from their wedding trip.

—Miss Susan Gardner of this city is visiting Miss Mabel Bryer in Providence.

—Mr. William Redmond and Mr. Henry A. Robbins of New York are in town.

—Mr. P. H. Worth of Brooklyn is visiting Mrs. J. A. Brannan, on Bay View avenue.

—Mr. T. B. Carr and Miss Alice W. Carr will spend the month of May in Baltimore.

—Mr. Henry Ascher Robbins and Mr. Harry Robbins of New York are at Mrs. Carry's, on Bath road.

—Mrs. T. W. Freeborne has been engaged as organist and choir director at the Central Baptist Church.

—Mr. C. P. Morehous and family returned Saturday from Florida, and are at their residence on Howard avenue.

—The directors of the First National Bank met this morning and passed appropriate resolutions upon the death of Robert S. Chase.

—Messrs. Walter S. Langley and Owen C. McDonald of this city have made application for membership in the League of American Wheelmen.

—Mrs. Kate Connery of this city, who has been residing in Boston for a long time, has returned here, where she proposes to take up her permanent residence.

—Mr. C. U. Collin, agent of the Wickford line, furnished a fine collation of oysters for the local lodge of United Workmen, of which he is a member, after their meeting Friday evening.

—Rev. W. R. Alger and Miss Alger will go to Washington for the wedding of Lieutenant Alger and Miss Taylor on Thursday. Rev. Mr. Alger has but recently returned from a delightful trip to California.

—Rev. Dr. Grace of St. Mary's Church goes to New York tonight on business connected with the memorial windows for the church, several of which, as already announced, have been in New York for some weeks past.

—The storm of Saturday afternoon kept the Neck team at home and caused a postponement of the rifle match, though the weather was such, at the range, that the match could have been shot. It will probably take place Thursday.

—Yesterday afternoon Professor Turner gave the children of St. Joseph's Sunday school an entertainment, showing them his views of the Passion Play and a large number of classical pictures, which the young people enjoyed.

—Captain George S. Grimes, attached to battery H, Second United States artillery, at Fort Adams, will on July 1 be transferred to light battery A, at Fort Riley, Kansas, changing places with Captain Frank C. Grugan of the same regiment.

—Paymaster S. R. Colhoun, who was formerly attached to the Training Station, is now on the Monongahela. Mrs. Colhoun and Miss Colhoun will remain in Newport until autumn, while the paymaster is on the cruise. They are at present at Barker's, Broadway.

—Two or three cases of measles have been reported among the men on the Monongahela since her arrival here, and to prevent any possibility of danger no boys will be sent on board for at least two weeks. The sick seamen have been taken to the Newport Hospital.

—Daniel Sheehan has sold to John Moriarty one undivided half part of a lot of land, with buildings, bounded as follows:—Southerly, 35 feet, on Dixon street; westerly, 60 feet, on land of John Sullivan; northerly, 35 feet, on Burns court, and easterly, 60 feet, on land now or late of Martin Hurlin.

—Messrs. McLean & Mason are building for Mr. J. A. Swan of Cincinnati a handsome house on the lot on Gibbs avenue and Buena Vista street, formerly occupied by the Dale house. It is understood that Mr. Samuel Powel will soon build on the lot next adjoining on the north, recently purchased by him.

—Notice is given by the lighthouse board that hereafter the light at Tarpaulin Cove light station, Vineyard sound, Mass., will be exhibited, without change in height or characteristics, from a temporary framed skeleton tower, standing about twenty-five feet south (magnetic) from the present position of the light.

—The hail, snow and rain were too much for the ball players to face on Saturday, so the game announced to take place at the Training Station was not played. The East Greenwich Academy nine, accompanied by Professor Blakeslee, were on the island, and anxious to play, but had to give way before the elements. The visitors were entertained at dinner by Mr. B. Anthony of this city, who is a member of the team.

—Malcom W. Ford, one of the best all-round amateur athletes of the country and one of the best-informed writers on athletic sports, states in a recent article that in his opinion G. R. Fearing, Jr., of Harvard will this season break the outdoor record for running high jump, as it is much easier jumping outdoors than in, and Mr. Fearing's performance indoors promised great things when he gets to work in the open air.

—Many flocks of wild geese have been seen going northward, the organ grinder has made his appearance on the street, the farmers have nearly finished their planting, the flower gardens are getting into bloom, the trees are beginning to leaf out and there have been a few days when an overcoat has been found to be a burden, yet in spite of all these signs there was still wanting one indication that winter was over, and today that has appeared in the shape of a straw hat. Summer may now be considered as upon us.

—Many of the gardens about the city are showing very pretty displays of flowers. Colonel Howard Smith has a fine lot of hyacinths on his grounds on Mt. Vernon street; Dr. Henry E. Turner, in a small strip south of his house on School street, has many different colors and shades of hyacinths, white and yellow tulips, polyanthus, violets, and two fine specimens of imperial crown in full bloom and lilies of the valley in bud; in the rear of Mr. John R. Caswell's place on Bull street there is a remarkably large and handsome display of pansies, and the tulips in the open square near Caswell, Massey & Co.'s store on Thames street are coming into bloom. The season is from two to three weeks earlier than usual.

—The match for the professional racquet championship of the United States was played Saturday afternoon, at the rooms of the Boston Athletic Association, between Albert Wright of New York and Thomas Pettitt of Boston, and was won by the latter in three straight games. Wright, since Boakes's retirement, had been the undoubted American champion, while Pettitt, although comparatively unknown as a racquet player, has such a brilliant record in the tennis court, and, moreover, has improved so conspicuously since last spring, that he was strongly backed by his fellow-clubmen. The first game was won in ten minutes by a score of 15 to 5; the second took twenty-five minutes, and was not decided until the score stood 18 to 16, and the third occupied twenty-two minutes, and was won by a score of 16 to 14. Mr. John S. Tooker was referee.

AT THE CHURCHES.

At the Channing Memorial Church Sunday morning the pastor, Rev. G. W. Cutter, gave a sermon, suggested by the recent Mafia troubles in New Orleans, on Immigration, taking as his text "Righteousness exalteth a nation; but sin is a reproach to any people," and speaking of the immigration to this country, which, in the past, has been such an important factor in the nation's success, but has of late become, to a certain extent, of such a character that careful inspection is now needed to protect the country from the very undesirable element that now comes on immigrant ships. While the large proportion of immigrants are still of the desirable class and come, as did those in the past, for permanent settlement, to build up their fortunes and become a creditable part of this great country, yet there are now coming among these real immigrants many whose rightful place is in the prisons and asylums of their own countries; and against the admission of these strict and if necessary harsh measures should be taken. He also spoke of the fact that many of the barrooms and saloons were run by foreigners, and that these had now too much influence in the politics of this country.

Rev. W. A. Luce preached an admirable sermon in the morning at the First Methodist Episcopal Church, appropriate to the beginning of a new conference year, and indicating the line of work which the church should pursue. He was greeted with a large congregation.

Rev. W. F. B. Jackson, who has been supplying the pulpit of Emmanuel Church since the departure of Rev. Mr. Peet, preached his last sermon yesterday. Mr. Jackson's temporary ministrations over the church have been very beneficial, and the new rector will find the people no less united and the church no less active on account of the absence for six months of a settled pastor. Mr. Jackson has been presented with a set of resolutions from the vestry of the church expressing the appreciation shared by all connected with Emmanuel Church of the valuable services he has rendered. His sermons yesterday had no reference to the closing of his labors with the church, but in a few words he expressed the pleasure he had found in the services here and his regret that the pleasant relations were to be severed.

POLICE NOTES.

By mistake an item appeared in Saturday's issue placing upon Mr. William Chambers the fault for running over a lad named Cleary on Thames street on Friday afternoon. Mr. Chambers was acting as substitute driver for a few days and was near the scene of the accident at the time, though not connected with it.

Officer Dring reports an electric wire down on Narragansett avenue.

David Goggin has been missing from his home since the evening of the 24th.

Patrick Benson was struck with a stone, which was thrown by John Sullivan. Benson's head was cut badly and the surgeon was obliged to insert several stitches. Benson was taken to the hospital in the ambulance. Sullivan was arraigned, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to the Providence county jail for thirty days.

The police report that the south wall of the old Gas building on the lower end of Thames street is in a dangerous condition.

A sailor, afflicted with measles, was taken from training ship Monongahela yesterday and removed to the Newport Hospital in the ambulance. The ambulance also conveyed John Johnson, a Swede, to the hospital. Johnson was suffering with rheumatism. Another sailor stricken with the measles was taken from the Monongahela and removed to the hospital in the ambulance this morning.

James H. Barker of No. 9 Hall avenue complains that he has been assaulted by a colored man, by the name of Thomas Dixon.

LITTLE COMPTON.

The marriage of Miss Maria Louise Brownell, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick R. Brownell, to Charles Berryman took place Thursday at the Second Congregational Church, Lexington, Ky. The reception was held at the residence of Mrs. Talbot, an aunt of the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Frederick R. Brownell with their daughter Lottie were in Lexington, to attend the wedding.

The school meetings have resulted in a change of officers for the ensuing year. The present committee is Abraham F. Gifford, Philip H. Wilbur, Erastus S. Bailey; trustees, John F. Pierce of district No. 1, Benjamin F. Wilbur district No. 2, Charles F. Wilbur the stone schoolhouse district No. 5, William Almy of district No. 8, Robert Brownell the union district No. 9, John Seabury the south shore district No. 10. Miss Florence Brown of Providence has been engaged to teach in district No. 1 and Mrs. Hattie Brownell in district No. 2.

The North End boys of Tiverton gave a grand minstrel show Friday evening at Garfield Hall, Tiverton. The proceeds of the entertainment are to go toward a fund for the erection of a larger amusement hall in the town. The acts of Eugene Sullivan and M. Noon were very well received and they were obliged to respond to many encores. After the concert dancing was indulged in until a late hour, Professor Fitton's orchestra furnishing the music for the occasion. The affair will probably be repeated in a short while.

A beautiful piece of sculpture from ancient Ephesus has reached the British Museum. The relic forms part of a marble ball, the head being exquisitely carved, while the figure of a goddess appears on the body. It is supposed to be 2,000 years old.

At Pawtucket Saturday the East Ends of Fall River defeated the Longfellows of Brooklyn in the final game for the championship of the United States in Association football, score three goals to one.

For addition Local News see fifth page.

TOILET SETS
At Reduced Prices
During this week.
14 sets at $2.00; former price $2.50
10 sets at 2.50; former price 3.00
9 sets at 4.00; former price 4.50

ERASTUS P. ALLAN,
181 & 183 Thames Street.

FOR SALE.
One new, hand-stitched folded harness, very cheap, at Gilmore's Trunk Store, 153 Thames St.

IT COSTS MORE to make Royal Baking Powder than any other, because its ingredients are more highly refined and expensive. But the Royal is correspondingly purer and higher in leavening strength, and of greater money value to the consumer. Attempts may be made to substitute other powders for the Royal by the grocer, because of the greater profit in them to him. Send them back.

The chemist of the department of Health of Brooklyn, after examining the various powders, said: "The Royal is superior to all baking powders with regard to leavening power, economy in use, and healthfulness."

Cargo freshly-mined free-burning CORBIN RED ASH
COAL
Lately discharged and for sale
—BY—
PINNIGER & MANCHESTER

House Cleaning.

We are making a special effort to please and accommodate the public in our carpet-cleaning department at this season. Send us your carpets and rugs at once.
Mattresses renovated and made over. Furniture dipped in naphtha.
Lace Curtains and draperies a special feature Blankets scoured without shrinking them. Family washing by the week or month.
First-class laundry work guaranteed. Orders by tele; hone to
J. B. RICHARDSON & CO.,
306 Thames Street, or at the Works.
NEWPORT LAUNDRY CO.,
Pond Ave. and Warner St.

AUCTION SALES.

At Auction!

Steam Yacht
DIONE,

At the yard of P. B. WARREN, foot of RHODES STREET, in the City of Providence, R. I.,

Wednesday, April 29, '91,

At 12 o'clock M., at above-named yard.

Said yacht is 38½ feet long, 9 feet beam, timbered and planked with oak, has a large cabin with glass sides, two berths, Gaskanank engine, Hicks boiler, keel condenser, with shaft pump, ample water-carrying capacity, improved injector, best steering apparatus, two masts, hand pump, between three and four gross tonnage, and can carry from twelve to fifteen people; sufficient room for storing supplies; boiler room and cabin separate; recently painted and put in good order. For further particulars apply to the auctioneer, WM. H. HERRICK.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE
—OF—
FURNITURE
At Auction on Thursday, April 30, at 10 o'clock at Aquidneck Hall.
Chamber Sets, Extension Tables, Straw Matting, Springs, Single Bedsteads, Mattresses, Carpets, Ornaments, Crockery, Glassware, etc.
By order mortgagee,
THOS. BURLINGHAM, Auct'r.

AUCTION SALES.
HAVING made the necessary arrangements I am prepared to conduct auction sales of all descriptions at reasonable rates, and would solicit a share of public patronage. Satisfaction guaranteed. T. W. FREEBORNE.
Office hours from 6 to 8 P. M., 116 Spring St.

WANTED.
Parties wanting to buy tables will do well by calling at H. J. Jones's, 14 Mill street, and see the large stock of tables from $1.50 to $10.
I have a lot of new and second-hand furniture which I sell at a very low price.
Please examine my goods.
H. J. JONES, 14 Mill Street.

PERSONAL.

That old soldier or soldier's heir who has been thinking of putting in a pension claim; call or write us tomorrow. Consultation free. No pension, no fee. No. 26 Westminster street, Providence, Milo B. Stevens & Co., Attorneys, main office, Washington, D. C.

TO LET.
A good tenement with a stable in the Fifth ward for $200 per year.

FOR SALE.
Two excellent properties on Howard street.
A. PRESCOTT BAKER.

BOOKS, PERIODICALS, &c.

NOTO,
An Unexplored corner of Japan,
BY PERCIVAL LOWELL.

One of Our Conquerors, by George Meredith.
The Enchanted, by John Bell Boulton.
A New York Family, by Edgar Fawcett.
A Queer Family, by Ellie W. Merriman.
The Golden Goat, by Paul Arene.
A Field of Tares, by Clo. Graves.
Society As I Have Found It (paper edition, 50c.), by Ward McAllister.

C. E. HAMMETT, JR.

Balzac's Ursula,
Translated by Katharine Prescott Wormeley.

Excursions in Art and Letters, by Wm. W. Story.
One of Our Conquerors, by George Meredith.
The Risen Dead, by Florence Marryat.
Ardath, the Story of a Dead Self, by Marie Corelli.
The Peerless Cook Book, by Mrs. D. A. Lincoln; price 15c.

GEORGE H. CARR,
NO. 172 THAMES STREET.

Stop at Clarke's
AND SEE THE
PICTURE
Given Away
WITH THE
New York Recorder.
Society As I Have Found It,
By Ward McAllister. Cassell's Sunshine Series.
Grandison Mather, by Henry Harland.
The Golden Goat, by Paul Arene.
The Washington Cook Book.
FOR SALE BY
NEW YORK BOOK CO.,
142 THAMES STREET.

UNITY CLUB.
The third social will be held on
Tuesday Evening, April 28,
IN CHANNING PARLORS.
With Music and Readings. Tickets can be procured of the treasurer, 29 Brinley St.

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

From the 16th up to and including the 28th April, 1891, before the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Newport, the following-named persons made application for license under the provisions of Chapter 58 of the Public Statutes of Rhode Island, to sell pure Spirituous, Intoxicating and Malt Liquors within the limits of the city, viz:—

ERNST VOIGT, 19 Bouston Avenue.

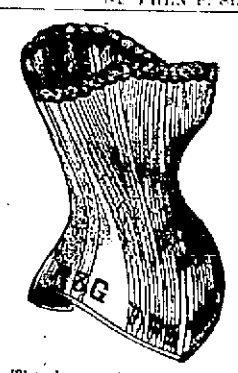
The above to manufacture, or sell at wholesale or retail, and the following to sell at retail only:—

CROHANE D. CURRAN, 35 Long Wharf.
LAWRENCE J. BARRY, 472 Thames Street.
JOHN G. WEAVER, Jr., Manager "Ocean House," Bellevue Avenue.
THOMAS HORGAN, 37 West Broadway, corner Oak Street.
LAWRENCE F. SULLIVAN, 218 Thames Street.
MICHAEL L. FINN, 540 Thames Street.

To sell at retail only.

THE BOARD OF LICENSE COMMISSIONERS will be in session on Saturday, May 9th inst., at ten o'clock A. M., at their office in Mill street, when opportunity will be given for remonstrants to be heard before acting upon said applications or granting licenses under them.

Published by the License Commissioners.
HARWOOD E. READ,
SAMUEL McADAM,
STEPHEN P. SLOCUM.



The above cut represents the

"R. & G." CORSETS,

One of the best makes of corsets in America. These corsets possess actual virtues; they are extra long in the waist, have small bust, made of coutil, boned with best French horn and superior in various ways to many other makes. We have the sole agency for them in this city. We have them in white and black in sizes from 18 to 36 inch. Try them, and if you don't like them you can return them to us.

In consequence of many additional new makes of corsets we find our corset department too crowded, and to gain space quickly we have decided to name these exceptional prices on the following corsets:—

The celebrated "Watch Spring," regular price $1.25, for only 89c.
Genuine C. P. and P. D., regular price $1.75 for $1.40.
Sateen C. P. and P. D., regular price $2.50, for $1.95.
German Woven Corsets, regular price 75c., for 62c.

It should be borne in mind that these special prices are for one object only, namely, to gain room for us, and ladies are invited to avail themselves of this opportunity and thereby save money, as these prices will be discontinued as soon as our object is gained.

The Bee Hive,
159 THAMES STREET.